REGISTERED No. 1—1877

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,901.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1877.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

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Domestic occurrences : each—two rupees.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO LONDON CALLING AT ADEN, HODEIDA, JEDDAH, ALGIERS, & LISBON.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited) will despatch the s. s. ARCOT, 1,792 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander F. M. Burke, as above, on FRIDAY, the 24th August 1877, at 5 p. m.

The Arcot is fitted in the usual style of the Company's vessels, and has excellent accommodation for 24 First-class Passengers and 16 Second-class.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

For Freight or Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. AFRICA, 2632 Tons, 350 H. P., Commander J. Patterson, on THURSDAY, the 23rd August 1877, at 4 p.m., calling at Kilindini, Zanzibar, Narrakal, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Callingapatam, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Weather permitting, she will also call at Vingorla, Goa, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, and Cochin.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the S.S. COCONADA, 863 Tons, 120 H.P., Commander A. Morris, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd August 1877, at 6 p. m., for the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDERABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHRRIN and MAHOMERAH.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the S. W. Monsoon, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every WEDNESDAY at 4 p.m., and an Extra Steamer on every SATURDAY at 2 p.m.

The S. S. COCONADA, 863 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Morris, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd August 1877, at 4 p.m.

The S. S. VINGORLA, 578 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Gray, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 25th August 1877, at 3 p.m.

N. B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, of each month, on the 1st

For extra steamers see list given below.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Without food.
Suez	22	15	8	
Port Said	38	24	9	
Messina	50	34	14	Including Wines
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles	52	35	14-10	

Children under 2 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st September 1877.
PERSIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st October, 1877.
ARABIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st November 1877.
AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st December 1877.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation ; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 7th May 1877.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, DIRECT, AND TO LONDON, OVERLAND, via NAPLES OR GENOA.

THE S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE, 2,300 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal, Captain COLLIN, will sail on the 29th August,

and will be followed by the

S. S. CHILDWALL HALL,
2,100 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain TREGARTHEN, on the 29th Sept.,

and by the

S. S. TRENTHAM HALL,
2,100 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain SHAW, on the 13th Oct.,

and by the

S. S. BRANKSOME HALL,
1,00 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain BRAND, on the 3rd Nov.,

and by the

S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE,
2,300 Tons Register, 300 H.P. nominal,
Captain COLLIN, on the 28th Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY, Rs. 500 TO LIVERPOOL.

Passengers are booked through to London, Naples, or Genoa, in connection with the Rubattino S. N. Company, at the following rates, including the Railway journey from Suez to Alexandria, Rubattino Steamer from Alexandria to Naples or Genoa, and Railway journey thence :—

PARIS.

Bombay to London, via Genoa	Rs. 575
Do. do. „ Naples	„ 600
Do. Naples	„ 470
Do. Genoa	„ 490

A Rubattino Steamer leaves Alexandria every Friday.

For passage or further particulars apply to

KING, KING & Co.,
or to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

N.B.—Messrs Henry S. King and Co. and Messrs. King Baillie and Co. are the Passenger Agents for this Line in London and Liverpool respectively. Arrangements for Remittances, Sovereigns, Circular Notes, Shipment of Baggage, &c will be attended by Messrs. King, King and Co. here.

Bombay, June 9, 1877.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. PEMBROKE, Captain James, arrived from LIVERPOOL, are requested to SEND their BILLS of L. DING accompanied by DELIVERY ORDERS for our inspection and countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY AT ONCE of their respective GOODS.

No claim of any kind will be paid after the departure of the steamer unless it be previously passed by the Captain.

EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
Agents, s. s, Pembroke.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
(s) MALWA	2933	450	P. S. Tomlin	24th Aug.
SURAT	3141	539	G. C. Burne	31st do.
(s) MONGOLIA	2833	530	A. Coleman	7th Sept.
VENETIA	2726	450	C. G. Ferrins	14th do.
(s) INDUS	3470	540	S. D. Shallard	21st do.
CHINA	3016	400	T. Alderton	1st Oct.
(s) KHEDIVE	3742	600	J. D. Steward	8th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton ; but by the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A small Steamer leaves the New Dock Head at Mazagon, at 2 p.m. precisely on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay 28th July 1877.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, taking 850 Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	
EMIVA	2666	450	G. Lee	20th Aug. at 3 p.m.
GEELONG	1835	250	C. Fraser	3rd Sep. at 3 p.m.
NIZAM	2725	450	A. E. Barlow	17th Sep. at 3 p.m.

F. D. PARKER,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 28th July 1877.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports (calling at Galle) :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	
SIAM	3000	500	G. N. Hector	18th Aug. at 3 p.m.
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	15th Sept. at 3 p.m.
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	13th Oct. at 3 p.m.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 28th July 1877

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.
BOMBAY TO NAPLES & LIVERPOOL, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will be despatched between Glasgow, Liverpool and Bombay and vice versa via Naples :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Commanders.	From Nom.	From Glasgow.	From Liverpool.	Bombay.
Macedonia	2272	486	J. Laird	4th Aug.	11th Aug.	22d Sept.	
Trinacria	2107	424	R. Hutchison	18th „	25th „	6th Oct.	
Europa	2277	424	J. Harris	8th Sept.	15th Sept.	27th „	
Castalia	2230	424	T. Rutter	22nd „	29th „	10th Nov.	
Italia	2245	424	J. Donaldson	6th Oct.	10th Oct.	21st Nov.	
Olympia	2050	424	A. Rait	20th „	27th „	8th Dec.	

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

TO NAPLES	Rs. 400
TO LIVERPOOL	Rs. 500

Passengers desirous of making a short stay in Italy, may disembark at Naples and proceed on to Liverpool by the following steamer, and passengers disembarking at Naples can have their heavy baggage taken on to Liverpool without any extra charges.

Messrs. HOLME & Co., the Company's Agents at Naples, will render any assistance, and tender any information required by the Passengers.

Passengers booked and cargo engaged in connection with the Trans-Atlantic Service from London and Glasgow to New York.

For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, July 17, 1877. Agents.

NOTICE.—HALL LINE, INDIAN SERVICE—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS OF LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 2, MARINE STREET BOMBAY.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th instant at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms :—

10 bales grey shirtings,
10 bales orange twist No. 50 and 60,
5 roy jaconets,
2 cas s marble ornaments representing canaries dogs, lions,
2 cases Parian figures, representing Minstrel Grecian Water Carrier Sets of Seasons, Hindoo Maiden, Fish Girl. Chastity and Thought, Comedy and Tragedy, Cupid Dancer, Falkners, Italian Musician, Greek-slave, Sorrow, Last and Drop, Leslie Music and Art, Music and Painting, Nakhand Morning, Pendora and Patra, Pray r and Praise, Piper Boy and Girl, Peasant, Sir Walter Scott, Joy, Lord Byron, Milton, Shake-pere, Dickens, Garibaldi, Schoolboy and Girl, Apollo and Diana Flora, Group of Graces, Innocence, Early Joy and Sorrow, Victory, &c.

On account and at the risk of the Indentor,

E M A—B—2 crates and 12 bundles galvanized buckets,
1 case office wash stands and cash boxes,
1 case shoe brushes,
1 cask kettles and coffee pots.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1st CLASS MOULMEIN TEAK SQUARES, POSTS, SCANTLINGS, AND POONY SPARS.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 22nd instant at 4 p. m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Tank Bunder—

69 superior 1st class Moulmein Teak Squares,	
150 „ „ Posts.	

A quantity of Teak Scantlings and 50 Poony Spars.

In small convenient lots, to suit the requirements of purchasers.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome French Polished Household Furniture, superior thin stem glass ware, best plated square and porcelain wares, a first rate full toned solid Mahogany Pianoforte by Soundy and Co., a White sear and Wilsons Sewing Machine, a handsome light English built Mail Phaeton, a powerful Bay Cape horse, a set of English made plated mounted harness, a collection of choice plants and ferns in tubs and pots, &c., at No 149, Malabar Hill

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 30th instant, sale commencing at 1 p. m., at his residence No. 149, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome household furniture, piano, carriage, horse, plants, &c., of Captain W. J. LeBreton, proceeding to Europe.

Full particulars will appear hereafter.

Catalogues will be published, and the furniture will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 20th August 1877.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF WRECK.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will submit to Public Auction THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th current at 3 p.m., at their rooms, No. 8, Hummum Street, Fort, on account of the concerned, the wreck of the steam-ship Cheops (1505 tons gross register, and 150 horse power) lying about two miles south of the landing place at Vingorla.

The wreck will be sold in the condition it may be in at the time of sale with all cargo, stores and fittings, &c, then on board.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required to be paid on the lot being knocked down, and the balance of purchase money within three days of the sale. Failing such payment the wreck will again be submitted to auction on account and at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelain ware, &c., at Dadar, near the G. I. P. Railway Station.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Dadur, near the G. I. P. Railway Station, the valuable and Handsome household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelainware, &c., &c. of E. W. Blackwell, Esq. changing his residence.

Full particulars will be published hereafter.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 20th August 1877.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND Co.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed properties, situate at Parell (Lal Baugh), at Lower Colaba, and at Kirkee.

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction by the instructions of the mortgagees, and on account and risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. Etuljee Nusserwanjee Colabawalla, the following valuable landed properties, in three lots, on three different occasions, namely, lot No. 1, on the 1st of September next, at the premises ; lot No. 2, on the 8th day of September next, at the premises ; and lot No. 3 on the 15th of the same month at the Auctioneers' rooms, No. 28, Apollo Street, Fort.

Lot No. 1.

On SATURDAY, the 1st September, 1877, at 4 p.m., at the premises.

Firstly,—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the bungalows, messuages and buildings thereon, and with the private road leading from Parell Road, to Lal Baugh house, situate on the east side of Parell road, in the sub-district of Bhooleshwur, containing by admeasurement 52,700 square yards or thereabouts, and commonly known as "Lal Baugh," and which said piece of land is bounded on the east by a lane dividing the said piece of land from the property of Byee Motlibai, widow of Manockjee Nowrojee Wadia, and Byee Manockbai, widow of Mahangeer Nusserwanjee Wadia, on the west partly by the property of Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Esq., C.S.I., and partly by a private road leading from the public highway to the "Lal Baugh" house, on the north partly by the property of the said Byee Motlibai and Byee Manockbai and partly by the said private road, and on the south by a lane leading from the public highway to the village of Sewree, which hereditaments and premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No.

Secondly,—All that piece or parcel of enam ground adjoining Lot No. 1, situate on the east side of Parell Road, containing by admeasurement 44,771-3-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the bungalow, messuage, and buildings standing thereon, which said hereditaments and premises are bounded on the east partly by the said private road and partly by the property of the said Byee Manockbai and Byee Motlibai, on the west partly by the public road leading from Bombay to Mahim, partly by chawls or buildings belonging to Dadabhoy Pestonjee Wadia, Esq., partly by the compound of the Parell Fire Temple and partly by the compound of Lowjee Wadia's Dispensary, on the north by the property of the said Byee Manockbai and Byee Motlibai, and on the south by the said private road leading to "Lal Baugh" house dividing the first mentioned property from the property of Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Esq., C.S.I., and which said hereditaments and premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 19.

Lot No. 2.

On SATURDAY, the 8th September 1877, at 4 p.m., at the premises.

All the right, title, and interest of the said mortgagees, and all that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Lower Colaba, on the east side of a public passage, in the sub-district of Parel and Colaba, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 73, containing by admeasurement 232 7-9 square yards, be the same a little, more or less, and bounded on the east by the property of Manockjee Dadabhoy, Esq., and Cawnjee Chuttoor, Esq., on the west and north by a public passage, and on the south by the property of Mrs. Wise.

Lot No. 3.

On SATURDAY, 15th September 1877, at 4 p.m., at the rooms of the Auctioneers.

All the right, title, and interest of the said mortgagees of and in all that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate on the west side of a public road leading to Kirkee, in the district and sub-district of Hawley Zillah Poona, registered under No. 97, containing by admeasurement 6 acres and 28 goontas, with the messuage, tenement and bungalow standing thereon known by the name of "Free Lodge," and bounded on the east partly by the public road leading to Kirkee, partly by vacant ground No. 96 belonging to Cassiram bin [illegible] Patell Seeraoley, on the west partly by the ground [illegible]saram bin Nowrojee Patell Seeraoley and partly by th[illegible] Peninsula Railway line, on the north by th[illegible] belonging to Syajee bin Godjee Patell Byrutt, [illegible] by the ground No. 98 belonging to the said Sya[illegible] Byrutt.

For further particulars and co[illegible] Messrs. Lynch and Tobin, Solicitors, No[illegible] Bombay, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJ[illegible]

Bombay, 20th August 1877.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THERE will be PIGEON SHOOTING at Colaba on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, the 21st instant, at 5 o'clock at the usual place.

N. R. OLIVER,
Honorary Secretary.

FOR SALE,

A PIANO by COLLARD.....Rs. 500
A TONGA and PONIES ..... „ 400

ALSO TENTS.

For further particulars apply to J. C. WHITCOMBE, Esq., Poona.

TO LET FURNISHED, from the 5th September 1877, for the unexpired period of the existing lease, viz. until the 30th April 1878, COLONEL WADDINGTON'S UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW, Northern Lines, Poona.

Rent Rs. 150 per mensem, besides which the tenant will have to pay for Hamal, Mali, and Water Rate Rs. 28-4 per mensem. For further particulars apply to J. C. WHITCOMBE, Esq., Poona.

NOTICE TO GRAIN DEALERS.

RAIN IN GUZERAT is quite insufficient, and crops are perishing. Stock of grain is believed to be very limited. Prices at Baroda to-day per Babashai rupee* as follow :—

Bajri, 13 kutcha seers ; Rice, 10 ; Wheat, 12 ; Muth and Mung 14 ; Tur, Dal, 11).

Large demand for grain here. Gaekwar Sirkar has removed all import duties on grain. Bombay grain dealers' attention is invited to this fact. All reasonable facilities in the power of the Sirkar will be afforded.

* One Babashai Rupee—about 14 British Annas. The rate to-day on Bombay is 115½ to 100 at sight.

Baroda, 16th August 1877.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF SURAT.

NOTICE.

in the MATTER of the APPLICATION of MANEKLAL RASIKDAS under Act XX of 1864.

WHEREAS the said MANIKLAL RASIKDAS, Inhabitant of Surat, has presented an APPLICATION to this Court, praying that he may be appointed either alone or with any other fit person to administer to the Estate of the following Minor :—MAGAN *alias* JADAV, widow of MAGANBHAI LALBHAI, and Daughter of the said applicant, alleged age about 11, caste Bania, inhabitant of Surat ; and that he or the Minor's mother, BAI VIJKOR, may be appointed the Minor's Guardian.

This is to give notice, that TUESDAY, the 11th day of September next (at 11 a. m.), has been fixed by the Court for hearing the said Applicant's petition, and that any objections which any persons may wish to raise thereto will be heard and determined on that day—Dated 11th day of August 1877.

GEO. M. MACPHERSON,
Acting District Judge.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—

By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give Notice, that the Fourth Sessions of 1877 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY, the 10th day of Sept. next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses, and other Crimes, Misdemeanours, and Offences, had, done, or committed, within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto ; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences, and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay, and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated the 17th day of August 1877.

CURSETJEE FURDOONJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.—
HIGH COURT.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 258 of 1875.

MANOCKLAL ATMARAM, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, a dealer in Gold and Silver Lace, residing at No.—Bhendekuswur Road, in the Island of Bombay, outside the Fort.....Plaintiff.

vs.

RUTTONVAHOO, widow of RUNCHORD MEGHJEE and MEGHJEE PREMJEE respectively, Hindoos, residing at No.—Modekhana Street, in the Island of Bombay within the Fort, and MAHASOOKRAM HIMATRAM, also a Hindoo, residing at No.—Kuppaschy, or Baliajee Shamsett Street, outside the Fort, Bombay.....Defendants

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the sixth day of June 1876, it was ordered that the Plaintiff should pay to the Defendants the sum of Rupees One Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety-Two and Annas Eleven for costs of suit, AND WHEREAS by a Prohibitory Order, dated the 21st day of August 1876, and issued in pursuance of the Order of the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY, dated the 18th day of August 1876, the following lands and premises were *inter alia* attached, namely :—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house and premises standing thereon, situate at Bhoolesh wur, and assessed under No. 3, and bounded on the east by the Bhooleshwur Road, on the west by the property of Tulsiwandass Prayjee, on the north by the property of Gunputram Premjee, Executor and Trustee of Rajoorbai, widow of Bhugwan Calla, deceased, and on the south by the property of Lukmidass Dharsey, towards the satisfaction of the said Decree.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED, that on THURSDAY, the 27th day of September 1877, at half-past two o'clock in the Afternoon, under and by virtue of a Warrant for sale of IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY issued on the 6th day of October 1876 to the above named, will be put up FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises, the abovementioned IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said Decree for costs of suit and also the costs of and incidental to attachment, application and warrant of sale.

The sale will extend only to the right, title, and interest of the Plaintiff, Manoeklal Atmaram, as Administrator *cum testamento annexo* and as pitrai of Bhugwan Calla in an undivided moiety of the property above described.

25 per cent. Deposit money to be paid at the time of sale.

For further information apply at the Office of the Sheriff of Bombay.

CURSETJEE FURDOONJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, Sheriff's Office, 18th August 1877.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.—
HIGH COURT.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 789 of 1871.

RADHABAI, widow of the late EKNATH DINANATH, of Bombay, Hindoo, deceased, residing at No. 45, Kalbadevie Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

MADHOWRAO DINNANATH and ANUNDRAO DINNANATH, of Bombay, Hindoos, residing in a house No. 4, in Aunt Roshia's Oart, outside the Fort, Bombay..... Defendants.

WHERFAS by a Decree made in the above suit on the 18th day of June 1872, it was declared amongst other things that the Plaintiff was entitled to maintenance out of the estate of the said late the Dinanath Luxumon, at the rate of Rupees 75 per month, from the 1st day of January 1871, and it was ordered and declared in accordance with the provisions of a certain Draft agreement put in evidence in this suit and marked No. 2, that the Defendants Madhowrao Dinanath and Anundrao Dinnanath should invest in Promissory Notes of Government of India at four per cent. loan in the names of the said Madhowrao Dinanath and Anundrao Dinnanath, and of Nana Morojee, as trustees in the said Plaintiff, such a sum as should produce income equal to Rupees 225 per month, and that the said Trustees should pay the interest upon such sum as when the same should accrue to them to the said Plaintiff for such maintenance during her life and after the death of the said Plaintiff, that the said Trustees should hold the said sum and interest thereof in trust for the said Madhowrao Dinnanath and Anundrao Dinnanath respective heirs, representatives, or assigns. AND WHEREAS by a Prohibitory Order, dated the 14th day of October 1874, and issued in pursuance of the Order of the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT, then one of the Justices of this Honorable Court, dated the 29th day of August 1874, the following lands and premises belonging to the Estate of the late Dinanath Luxumon were attached, namely :—All that piece or parcel of land together with the tenement or building standing thereon, situate at Mahaluxmee, outside the Fort, in the registration sub-district of Bhooleshwar, formerly in the occupation of the late Dinnanath Luxumon, and now in the occupation of the Defendant Anundrao Dinnanath, measuring about 75 feet in length and about 18 feet in breadth, fronting towards the south of the steps leading to the Mahaluxmee Temple, and bounded as follows :—on the east by a public passage and beyond it by the property of Wassoodew Jagannath, on the west by the property of Cassebai, wife of Wittuldass Buseenath, on the north by the steps leading to the Temple of Mahaluxmee, and on the south by the vacant charitable ground belonging to the charitable estate of the late Dhackjee Dadajee, and beyond it by the privy belonging to the said building of the late Dinanath Luxumonjee, towards the satisfaction of the said Decree.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED, that on THURSDAY, the 27th day of September 1877, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon (under and by virtue of an *alias* Warrant for sale of IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY issued on the 17th day of July 1877 in the above suit, will be put up FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, the abovementioned Immoveable Property or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said Decree.

The sale will extend to the Defendant's right, title, and interest only in the above specified property.

25 per cent Deposit money to be paid at the time of sale.

For further information apply at the Office of the Sheriff of Bombay.

CURSETJEE FURDOONJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, Sheriff's Office, 18th August 1877.

Mr. KHUNDERAO MOROJEE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

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Joan, a Novel; by Rhoda Broughton	3 12
(All the other Novels by the same can also be had.)	
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Madcap Violet do.	3 12
Princess of Thule do.	3 12
Daughter of Heth do.	3 12
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The Textile Colorist, or Journal of Bleaching, Printing, and Dyeing, 3 vols ; by C. O'Neill	39 12
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Schuyler's Turkistan, 2 vols	26 4
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Cassells' Dictionary of Cookery, Illustrated	9 8
Burgh's Steam-Engine Pocket Book	3 0
Darwin's Different Forms of Flowers	6 12
Egypt as it is ; by J. C. McCoan, with a map	13 4
The Simple Cause of Cotton Goods and Causes and prevention of Mildew ; by W. Thomson	4 12
Mee ! July and August (Helen's Babies Series)	0 12
All about Book-keeping, a complete course of accounts for Tradesmen and Merchants	1 12
Whitwell's Iron Smelser's Pocket Analysis Book	3 4
Russian's Work in Turkey ; by E. Whitaker	2 0
Leaxo the Bastard ; by A. Austin	2 4
On Compromise ; by John Morley	2 4
Trollope's Primo Minister and Cousin Pattyput's Protegee, or Road, Rail, and River ; by H. G. Churchill	1 12

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The wide and varied nature of the Company's business, combined with a large capital, enables the management to offer an extent of selection at prices which no House CONFINING THEIR TRANSACTIONS TO THIS DEPARTMENT can compete with.

BRACELETS,
Worked Gold, or set with Jewels, in a variety of elegant designs, Rs. 60, 70, 75, 85, 100 to 1,000.

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Worked Gold or Jewelled, with and without Pendants, from Rs. 30, 50, 55, 70, 80, 90, 100 to 300.

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Plain Gold, or elegantly Worked and Jewelled, Rs. 10, 15, 20, 30, 40 to 300.

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Worked Gold or Jewelled, Rs. 120 to 650.

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Rs. 60 to 500.

LOCKETS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled ;
Of the best London manufacture, in the newest designs, each at Rs. 22, 25, 27, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 56, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 90, 100, 120, 125, 130, 140, 160, 170, 180 and 200.

LOCKET NECKLETS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled ;
Of the best London manufacture, in the newest designs ; in cases complete, at Rs. 45, 50, 54, 60, 80, 90, 100,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, 18TH AUGUST 1877.

BUSINESS continues as dull, as it well can be; in Bombay the weather has been cloudy but the rain has fallen very scantily, while from the districts, more especially from Kattyawar and Guzerat, the accounts are still of drought and withering crops. The English telegrams of yesterday indicate but little change; Consols are still quoted at 95¼, and French Rentes at 106¼.

Cotton in Liverpool, according to Reuter, was yesterday unchanged in price, supplies were said to be freely offered, but the sales reported did not exceed 8,000 bales, of which 800 bales were Surats. Yesterday's New York telegram quotes Middling Uplands, ready, 11¼ cents. per lb., an advance of ⅛ cent. on the previous day's quotation, while Futures, November shipment, were unchanged at 10⅝ cents. per lb. The usual weekly figures showing the statistical position of the staple are given below.

The visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 16th instant compares, as follows, and favourably with the figures of the two previous years up to the same date:—

	1877.	1876.	1875.
Total supply of all kinds..	1,880,000	1,982,680	2,035,930
" " " Surats.	441,000	653,990	930,540
For the U. K. alone the figures are:—			
Stock in Liverpool.....	877,000	817,960	887,190
Do. London.....	34,000	37,090	79,180
American Afloat.....	20,000	41,000	15,600
E. Indian "	151,000	285,200	344,000
	1,082,000	1,181,250	1,323,970
Price of Mid. Orleans ...	6¼d.	6 5-16d.	7 5-16d.
" Fair Dhollera ...	5 1-16d.	4¼d.	4¼d.
Difference.....	1 3-16d.	1 13-16d.	2 7-16d.

The American Crop figures to date, compared with the two previous years, are as follows:—

	1877.	1876.	1875.
Week's Receipts	2,000	8,600	3,900
" Exports to U. K.	2,000	7,000	1,400
" " to Continent.	2,000	1,000	3,500
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	3,942,000	4,107,900	3,459,400
" Exports to U. K. "	1,979,000	1,985,000	1,816,400
" " to Continent "	1,031,000	1,220,000	842,900
" Stock at the Ports	140,000	139,000	87,000

The Piece Goods Market in Manchester was yesterday dull, prices unchanged; 7lb. Shirtings were quoted at 6s. and 8⅛ lbs. at 7s. per piece.

The London Coffee Market was described as firm, Middling Plantation Ceylon showing an advance of 1s. per cwt, being quoted at 107s. per cwt. Good Ordinary Native and Mysore Coffee were unchanged at 85s. and 90s. per cwt. respectively. Cocoanut Oil quotations were unaltered both for Ceylon and Cochin.

Calcutta Linseed and Rape were, according to Reuter, 3d. per quarter down. Bombay Linseed, on the other hand, was quoted at 58s. 6d., an advance of 1s. per quarter, while Ferozepore Rapeseed was unchanged in price. The Market for Seeds was described as quiet.

Wheat to arrive, via Canal, had declined, Club No. 2 being quoted at 49s. 6d. and Soft Red at 47s. 6d., a difference of 1s. and 6d. respectively on previous rates. For Cape shipments no change in quotations was made.

Enfaced Rupee Paper is still quoted at 83⅛ for 4 and 4½ per cents and 88½ per 5½ per cents. Exchange on India for 60 days' sight Bills has advanced to 1s. 8¾d. Bar Silver is still quoted by Reuter at 54½d. per ounce.

IN STERLING EXCHANGE here no alteration can be made in quotations. There were perhaps fewer Banks buying to-day at our quotations, but these could be obtained for the little mercantile paper that was offering. The amount of business transacted was most restricted, even more so than usual on Saturday; the limited nature of exports precludes all idea of Mercantile Bills making to any but the most limited extent, while the dull state of the import trade is sufficient to account for the almost total absence of demand for Bank Paper. Reuter's telegram of to day from Calcutta quotes Bank Bills on London at 6 months' sight at 1s. 9⅜d., being 1-16d. higher than our rate, and this is, we understand, borne out by private telegrams. We quote, on London:—

Bank Bills, on demand.....	1s. 8 13-16d.	per Rupee.
Do. at 3 months' sight ...	1s. 8 15-16d.	"
" 6 " " ...	1s. 9 1-16d.	"
Credits, " 3 " " ...	1s. 9 1-16d.	"
Do. " 6 " " ...	1s. 9¼d.	"
Documents, 3 " " ...	1s. 9¼d.	"

On Calcutta but little business has been reported. Bills on demand may be quoted at 5 annas to 6 annas per cent. premium, but the enquiry during the last two days appears to have subsided. 30 days' sight Bills are still at 10 annas per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER continues neglected at our quotations of 96 to 96½ for 4, 96½ to 96⅝ for 4½, and 102½ for 5½ per cents.

SHARES.—Bank of Bombay shares are again slightly lower, being to-day quoted at 35½ per cent. premium. We also notice a decline of Re. 1 per share in National Bank of India shares. Colaba Land have given way Rs. 10 per share, while there is no change in other Land Companies. Mofussil Press have advanced Rs. 10 per share. In Spinning and Weaving Companies' Scrip, while Jewraz Baloo and Colaba have advanced Rs. 5 and Rs. 10 per share respectively, there has been a decline of Rs. 5 in Manockjee Petit and Fleming, Rs. 10 in Hindustan and Churrumsey, and Rs. 25 per share in Morarjee Goculdass. In miscellaneous shares we have no change to report.

COTTON.—Exporters having been in the Market yesterday, and a few purchases having been made to-day on account of the Mills, prices have partially advanced Re. 1 per candy. 250 candies have been reported as purchased by shippers, as already mentioned, and 100 candies have this day been bought for local manufacture.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.—Seeds and Rape are steady at our quotations of yesterday. Wheat has advanced 8 annas per candy, and is now quoted at Rs. 37½ to Rs. 38½ for best Wheat, but no transactions have transpired.

FREIGHTS.—We have no change to report.

PIECE GOODS.—Dealers buy very sparingly, and there is as yet no sign of a demand from up-country springing up.

COALS.—No transactions have been reported and no change in prices can be made.

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 14th August compared with that for 7th August:—

LIABILITIES.	7th August. Rs. A. P.	14th August. Rs. A. P.
Capital.....	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund.....	18,99,765 0 0	18,99,630 0 0
Treasury Balances	3,11,67,528 9 7	3,03,37 598 2 0
Other Deposits	1,80,82,770 8 2	1,83,53,464 12 1
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	4,79,691 6 9	3,51,371 5 4
Sundries	8,07,647 11 3	8,04 866 11 2
Rs.	7,23,77,373 3 9	7,17,46,928 14 7

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities.....	1,41,45,116 8 8	1,41,66,140 4 1
Loans on Govt. Securities.	44 29 262 2 3	43 82,347 2 3
Credits on ditto ...	51,02,947 13 9	59,25,539 15 5
Bills Discounted.....	2,40,72,240 13 4	2,38,05,329 1 6
Balances with other Banks	5,87,285 5 2	5,43,161 4 6
Bullion	237 11 4	237 11 4
Dead Stock	10,02,834 3 5	10,04 000 12 0
Stamps	9,083 9 1	8,940 4 1
Sundries.....	4,19,775 12 10	3,65 693 14 0
Cash at Head Office	1,16,54,746 6 6	1,07,03,168 4 9
Do. at Branches	1,09,66,546 13 5	1,08,33,091 1 10
Rs.	7,23,77,373 3 9	7,17,46,928 14 7

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE, AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE BARQUE BELL, 341 tons, Captain W. Lynn, arrived in harbour on the 17th instant from Mauritius (July 24th), with a cargo of 6,896 bags sugar.

THE SHIP DUNCAIRN, 1,303 tons, Captain J. Chambers, will sail to-day for Elephant Point, in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's S. S. AKOLA, 315 tons, Captain T. M Williams, sailed on Saturday last for Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Lieut. Cumberland, Mr. and Mrs. Westerman, Miss Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. R. Suddan and servant, and five deck passengers.

THE STEAMER ELDORADO left Calcutta on August 16 with the following passengers for London:—Messrs. P. L. Richards, R. H. Trotter, C. E. Robinson, Miss Robinson, Miss Staig, Messrs. C. R. Woolterton, W. Southon, W. Smith, J. F. Schofield, Mr. and Mrs. Craig and child, Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson.

DEPARTURE OF AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE H. AND O. Co's S. S. SIAM, 1,718 tons, Captain G. N. Hector, sailed on Saturday last for Australia, with Australian Mails, general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Melbourne—Mr. G. D. Cuson, Mr. Owen, Mr. Angus, Mr. Maclee, Mr. J. M. Barton, and Mr. T. Godfrey. For Sydney—Capt. H. F. E. Lucas, and Mr. J. Budden.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
17	Bell.....	Lynn	Mauritius, July 24.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
18	Siam (s).....	Hector	Australia, &c.
	Akola (s)	Williams	Kurrachee.

The ship Duncairn, Chambers, to Elephant Point, obtained her port clearance on Saturday last.

The ship Earl of Zetland, to Calcutta, was entered out for loading on Saturday last.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 14 Arabia (s).....Mann.....Moulmein, Aug. 7.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 14 Maud (s) ....
Hellespont (s)..... ....

PASSENGERS.

Per Arabia—Mr Oathwaite, Rev W McCarthy, Mrs McCarthy, Mr Whitsell, Mr Hickes, Capt Sayers, Mr Harris, Mr J Richie, Mr Williams, and Mr Hill.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 16 Chanda (s) .... Calcutta.
Austrian (s)..... ..... Cal-utta.
Glamorgan (s) .... Calcutta.
Sri King .... Glasgow.
Witch .... Gopaulpore.

Aug. DEPARTURES.

15 Bello Justine .... Bimlipatam.
Indus (s) .... Calcutta.
D. of Lancaster (s).. ..... Ca'cutta.
16 Choice .... London.
Trafalgar (s) .... Calcutta.
17 Robert Kerr .... Moulmein.
Northumberland ... . Moulmein.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 18.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Trontham Hall s—20 cases slates and 1 cask hardware, Abdoolally Dawoodkhan.

Branksome Hall s—10 cases slates, Shaik Ahmed Noordin.

European s—50 cases copper sheets and 36 tubs yellow metal sheets, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

Atalanta s—50 cases copper sheets, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Palm s—5 cases medicine, Nowrojee Bomanjee and Co; 4 casks black cochineal, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

Sextos s—3 cases liqueurs, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Pekin s—27 casks beer, Stirling, Bold and Co.

Surat s—65 casks beer, Sorabjee and Eduljee; 1 case hams, 3 cases bacon and 2 cases cheese, Bolton and Co; 2 cases saffron, L Narsen and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Precurseur s—50 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

Faune—10 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

Australia—s 50 boxes champagne, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 18.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Branksome Hall s—110 cwts coir yarn. Mahadewjee Ghella; 5 cwts D horns and 64 cwts myrabollams Allimahamed Hassum; 650 cwts wheat, Finlay, Scott and Co; 55 bales cotton, Dewjee Bhoorsa and Co; 656½ cwts wheat, Dossabhoy Pallonjee Cama; 11 cases mother of pearl shells, E Frankenberg and Co.

Surat s—5,000 cwts linseed, Gaddum and Co; 175 bales wool, Dewjee Govindjee; 100 bales wool, Lilladhur Govindjee.

FOR CALAIS.

Anne Royden—9,000 cwts linseed, George, Lockhart and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Surat s—50 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Australia s—200 cwts B horns, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Australia s—300 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Khiva s—4 cwts G horns, Currimbhoy Ebram; 57 bales twist, Ebram Noordin and Co; 30 bales twist and 337 chests opium: David Sassoon and Co; 16 chests opium, Currimbhoy Ebram; 3 chests opium, Sawjeeram Ramchunder; 20 chests opium, S E Sassoon; 38 chests opium, Tata and Co; 7 chests opium, Nursee Keasowjee and Co; 3 chests opium, Merwanjee Manuckjee and Co; 10 chests opium, S N Tulatee.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Khiva s—7 chests opium, Hujareemull Nursingdass; 6½ chests opium, Tata and Co; 13 chests opium, Gunneshlall Shobhagmull; 21 chests opium, E D Sassoon.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
BOMBAY 17th August 1877.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·764
Temperature of the Air.....	83·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	79·0
Dew Point	77·3
Relative humidity of Air	·821
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloud=8).....	5·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m)	86·9
Minimum do. do. (read at 9-30 a.m.)..	78·0
General Direction of wind	W, WSW. W, WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	406
Fall of Rain	0·03
Total fall during month	2·91
" " year	49·03

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 20.

(Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT,)
LONG CAUSES.

418-77—S and T—Munjee Muljee vs Wassoodio Juggonath—Nana N Kothare—Part heard.

3-2-77—R Sinclair—The Official Assignee of the Estate of Hajee Ally Mahomed vs Hajee Mahomed Joosub and Mrs Janardhun and G.

433-77—F Chalk—Jamnadass Premjee and others vs Bai Datta and others.

273-77—H C and Little—Nusserwanjee Merwanjee Panday and others vs The New Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy Spinning and Weaving Company T and S.

375-77—F and Smith—Javervahoo and another vs Kessowjee Toolseydass—Lynch and Tobin.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE KEMBALL).
LONG CAUSES.

447-77—Jefferson and Payne—Charles McFee vs Kullnodina Kulfanbhoy—Macfarlane and Gilbert.

450-77—Khunderao M—N ironje Khimje Bhasker Hurry and another—In person.

454-77—Janardhun and G—Dinkar Gangadhur vs Dajibai—In person.

457-77—In person—Chimabai vs Gannoo Murtand and another—M M Munshi.

473-77—Lynch and Tobin Nursey Kessowjee and others vs Dossa Kirpall.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE ATKINSON.)
FOR JUDGMENT.

247-77—Balkrishna and R—Babool Ballajee vs Maja Jeepa—Jefferson and Payne.

For Investigation under Sec. 305 of Act VIII. of 1859.

In Person—Goolabai vs Juggonath Premjee and others.

LONG CAUSES.

340-77—Prestonjee K—Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Sett and others vs Motibai widow—J C Cama—Part heard.

398-77—Craigie L. and O—Bai Nahni vs Purmanundass J and others—M M Munshi and Mooljee and B.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 18.

Hill, Lieut, Bengal 2nd Goorkhas, to rejoin, to Debra Doon.
Bance, Major, Madras Staff Corps, to rejoin, to Madras.
Connell, Lieut, Bengal Sappers and Miners, to rejoin, to Roorkee.
Lucas, Capt. Bombay Staff Corps, on sick leave, to Austra'ia
Tuthill, Lieut, Bengal 14th Hussars, from leave, to Rawul Pindee.

AUGUST 19.

Lucas, Lieut Col, Bombay R A, on leave, to Ahmedabad.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters,
Poona, 18th August.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments:—
Purandhar Sanitarium—Lieut T Grouse, 2nd Battn 7th Foot, to be Staff Officer, vice Lieut Dunne.
23rd N L I—Capt C H P Ducat, 109th Foot, a candidate for the Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer.

The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in Hindustani:—

Higher Standard—Lieut Col H McLeod, R A, Lieuts T S Coppinger, 11th Foot, A L Sicklar, attached to 27th N I, and W C Asiett, attached to 16th N I.

Lower Standard—Lance Corporal D Boulden, and Private J Loakman, 83rd Foot.

Serjt J Whelan, P W Dept, has been awarded the medal with gratuity of £5 for long service and good conduct.

Private E Marshall, 17th Regt, is transferred to the Unattached List, for employment in the band of H E the Governor.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated 13th Jan directing Capt Greig, 14th N I, to act as Station Staff Officer at Belgaum, during the absence of Brigade Major on duty.

14th N I,—Regtl Order, dated 1st July, directing Col Hill, 2nd in Command, to officiate as Comdt, Lieut Col Robson, Wing Commander, to officiate as 2nd in Command, and Capt Cahill, Qr Mr, to officiate as Wing Commdr, with effect from the 2nd July, in succession to Col Wood on leave.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

Major T W Roberts, R A, from date of departure, to Madras, for 30 days, on medical certificate.

Major T W Roberts, to England, to appear before a medical board.

7th Foot—Major A Daubeny, in extension to remain in England, from 31st August to October, on private affairs.

Surg Major W Ironside, to remain in England to 8th January 1878 on medical certificate.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head Quarters, Simla, August 13.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments and promotion:—

3rd Hussars—Lieut C J Roberts, from the 11th Hussars, to be Lieut, vice Peyton, who exchanges.

11th Hussars—Lieut A F Peyton, from the 3rd Hussars, to be Lieut, vice Roberts, who exchanges.

45th Regt—Sub-Lieut N L Pearse to be Lieut.

2nd Bengal Cavalry—Lieut H N Webb, Wing Officer 34th N I, to be Squadron Officer, during the time Captain G T Morris remains seconded, while holding the appointment of Assistant Commissary General.

17th N I—Lieut G L Garstin, 63rd Foot, a candidate for the Bengal Staff Corps, to be Officiating Wing Officer, on probation.

15th N I—Lieut H M Bruce, Officiating Wing Officer, on probation, 26th N I, to be Wing Officer, on probation.

26th N I—Captain C J R Pulford, on furlough, to retain the appointment of Quartermaster, on promotion, as a temporary measure, until a qualified Subaltern is available.

Major G F Graham, Station Staff Officer, Barrackpore, to officiate as Garrison Quartermaster, vice Ducat, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Bombay Government, and during the absence on furlough of Lieut Col Jones, or until further orders.

Fort Michni—Lieut Col R W Elton, Bengal Infantry, to be Commandant.

Local rank is assigned to the undermentioned officers:—2nd Regt, Captain W J Holt to be Major, from the 24th July. 60th Royal Rifles, Major G Hatchell to rank as Major, from the 22nd October 1875.

Lieut Col J B Saunders, Bengal Cavalry, is transferred from Meean Meer to Umritsur for general duty.

Lieut Col W H Garton, Staff Corps, is, on the expiration of his furlough, posted to Umballa for general duty.

Captain B P Hodgson, attached to the 34th N I, is, at his own request, transferred to the 8th N I, for duty.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

11th Hussars—Major J A Dyer to England, to appear before a medical board.

Lieut R S May, R A, to England, to appear before a medical board.

40th Foot—Major W D Shipley to remain in England to the 31st inst, on private affairs.

44th Foot—Major C Maguire from 9th October 1877 to 9th April 1878, to remain in England, on urgent private affairs.

65th Foot—Captain H Jones to Bombay for thirty days, and thence to England for fifteen months on private affairs.

7th N I—Lieut A W Jamieson to Murree, from 19th July to 31st October, on medical certificate.

38th N I—Captain C H Forster to Lucknow and Mussoorie, from 11th June to 15th October, on private affairs.

Lieut Col Lister, Cavalry, Captain S A Swinley to Simla, from 11th June to 11th October, on urgent private affairs.

Surgeon P G Jevers to Murree and adjacent hills, to 31st Jan 1878, on medical certificate.

Surgeon A B Seaman to Simla, to 13th Sept, on medical certificate.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RS., THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

COMYN—August 16th, at Satara, the wife of Captain Comyn, H. M.'s 4th Rifles, of a son.

HORNE—August 18th, at No. 15, Dundass Buildings, Fort, the wife of G. Horne, of a son.

SAUNDERS—August 19th, at Malabar Hill, the wife of Alfred Dann Saunders, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

MORRIS—MACKENZIE—August 14th, at Christ Church, Byculla, by the Rev. G. U. Reynell, M. A., William Morris to Maria Anna, widow of the late Donald Mackenzie.—No cards.

DEATH.

TAYLOR—August 17th, at Bombay, Elizabeth, the beloved wife of Frank Taylor, late of Jubbulpoor, aged 32 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

COLLINS—August 12th, at Trichinopoly, the wife of Sub-Conductor W. Collins, of a son.

DIAS.—July 20th, S. E. Wynaad, the wife of Mr N. J. A. Dias, of a son.

JONES—August 12th, at Deegah, Dinapore, the wife of A. R. Jones, of a son.

LONGMUIR—August 14th, at Calcutta, the wife of Thomas Longmuir, of a daughter.

McTAGGART—August 14th, at Bangalore, the wife of Captain McTaggart, 14th Hussars, of a son.

PIMM.—August 9th, at Jessore, the wife of J. Pimm, of a daughter, stillborn.

WRIGHT—At the Cauvery Estate, Mercara, the wife of Mr. W Wright, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

FIELD—August 11th, at Subathu, Lt. H. E. Field, 73rd (Perthshire) Regiment in his 21st year.

FRASER—August 4th, at Rangoon, the result of an accident, John, the dearly beloved youngest son of Surgeon-Major A. H. Fraser, Principal Medical Officer, British Troops, Burmah, aged 9 years.

GORDON—July 28th, at sea, Alexander, son of Robert Gordon, Esq. Engr., Borneah, aged 16 months.

GRANT—At Tonghoo, British Burmah, Annie, the beloved wife of Lieut-Col. A. D. Grant, 17th M. N. I., aged 26 years.

CALENDAR FOR AUGUST 1877.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon ..... 24th, 4h. 1·9m. a. m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
August.		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Mon. 20	.....	5 44	6 22	{ 9 12 m 9 15 a	2 37 m 3 54 a
Tues. 21	.....	5 44	6 22	{ 10 28 m 10 7 a	3 36 m 4 34 a
Wed. 22	English Mail expected.	5 44	6 21	{ 11 0 m 10 51 a	4 19 m 5 9 a
Th. 23	.....	5 44	6 20	{ 11 36 m 11 36 a	4 56 m 5 36 a
Fri. 24	Lunar Eclipse visible at Bombay	5 45	6 19	{ 11 51 m 11 56 a	5 28 m 6 1 a
Sat. 25	.....	5 45	6 19	{ 0 14 a	5 57 m 6 26 a
Sun. 26	Thirtunth Sunday after Trinity.....	5 45	6 18	{ 0 27 m 0 40 a	6 28 m 6 53 a

SPORTING.

THE UMBALLA GREAT ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP, 1877.

THE Manager of the *Bombay Gazette*, Bombay, presents his compliments to the Honorary Secretary, ENGLISH RACE SWEEPS, UMBALLA, and in reply to his letter requesting the publication in the *Bombay Gazette* of an Advertisement of the Umballa Great English St. Leger Sweep, which closes on the 6th September next, begs to inform him that owing to a recent order of Government prohibiting the publication of such Advertisements of Sweeps, he is unable to comply with the request,

Bombay Gazette, Manager's Office,
Bombay, June 18, 1877.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA GREAT ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP.

THE Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* presents his compliments to the HONORARY SECRETARY, BOMBAY GYMKHANA GREAT ENGLISH ST. LEGER SWEEP, and in reply to his letter requesting the publication of an Advertisement of the SWEEP, which closes on the 10th September next, begs to inform him that owing to a recent order of Government prohibiting the publication of such Advertisements he is unable to comply with the request.

Bombay Gazette, Manager's Office,
Bombay, July 12, 1877.

ALL MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1877.

SURELY the outlook of India is becoming more and more desperate. It would appear as if we could turn to no quarter of the land without hearing rumours of dearth. We had hoped that Famine, now unhappily the ruling Fate in India, would be content with wasting the Deccan, the Southern Mahratta Country, Mysore, Madras, and Southern India; but we are afraid that it intends to add to the circle of its ravages Guzerat, Kattywar, Central India, Rajpootana, the Punjab, and even Burmah. This is the greater part of British possessions in the East. A more terrible prospect India has seldom had to face. Burmah is suffering because she denuded herself of rice and grain to take advantage of the high price that was being offered for food for the famine districts in India proper. The Government of India weather reports published elsewhere, contains one of the first serious hints of the state of affairs in Central India, Rajpootana, and even the Punjab. Distress in Sindia's dominions is said to be impending. The state of affairs in Rajpootana may be judged by the fact that when, the other day, the Viceroy was coming from Dehli on his way to Bombay, he stopped at Toondla Junction, and at the request of the Maharajah of Jeypore, gave His Highness a long interview, when measures were concerted in view of a possible scarcity in the Jeypore State. If Rajpootana, the Punjab, and Central India are to be added to the area threatened with famine, the coming year will be one of sad disaster. The Government of India will require to husband every resource to prepare for the very worst. What is this we hear from Madras, about the Government of India putting the whole of the revenues of the country at the disposal of the Government of Madras? If the Government of India had taken leave of its senses, it might be guilty of such an egregious piece of folly. When we look at the expanding breadth of the famine area over India—when we know that the Government of India must be well aware how seriously a much vaster area than the Madras Presidency is threatened with famine—when we recollect that the inclination of the Government of India has always been to check the extravagant emotional tendencies of the Duke of Buckingham and his colleagues—we are compelled, notwithstanding the uneasiness which must naturally be caused by the news of the sudden retirement of Mr. Hope, a vigorous economist, from the Additional Secretaryship to the Government of India, to discredit the rumour entirely. In this Presidency, the necessity for further exertion on the part of Government is becoming more apparent, and we believe that no one who has been observing the reports from Kattywar will be astonished at the information which we publish this morning from our Poona correspondent. Relief works will soon be necessary throughout the Kattywar peninsula, and none better for the future welfare of this Presidency could probably be found than the railways to the construction of which Sir Richard Temple has just given his assent.

THE London public seem to have responded with characteristic enthusiasm to the appeal made to them from Madras, and we are glad to see Lord Northbrook and the Barings prominent in the list of charity-givers. Complaints have been published about the conduct of the Duke of Buckingham in calling the public famine meeting without first consulting the Government of India. We concur in regretting that he acted as he did, not because His Grace necessarily showed any discourtesy to the Government of India, but because he forgot that famine rages elsewhere than in the Madras Presidency, and that he would have shown a broad and statesmanlike liberality of mind if he had consulted with the Government of India as to the best means by which the rigours of distress could be ameliorated not only in Madras but in all the famine districts. If he had acted in concert with the Government of India—if he had been loyally anxious to help Lord Lytton as well as himself—measures would probably have been devised for the holding of famine meetings simultaneously in the principal cities of India, and one appeal to the charity of the English public could have been made on behalf of all the famine-stricken districts of India. No doubt His Grace did a smart thing in holding the meeting as he did, and the people of Madras are perhaps entitled to congratulate him on his smartness, as, in the event of an appeal being made to England on behalf of this Presidency, they will already have secured the cream of our countrymen's charity. But the smartness he displayed was only the smartness of a narrow mind. He would have acted a nobler part if he had remembered the poor wretches in the Bombay Presidency as well as those in his own Presidency, and that in common justice an appeal to English charity should have been made on behalf of every famine-stricken person in India, and not on behalf of the Madrasees alone. Practically, the English public have now been led to believe that it is only Madras that needs charitable assistance, and already they have probably given away all the charity towards famine they can afford. If another appeal were now made to England on behalf of the Deccan, the Southern Mahratta Country, and Kattywar, it would be too late; misled by the appearance of urgency in the case of Madras, all available English charity would already have been sent to the Duke of Buckingham. If it is the intention of the Bombay Government to obtain any assistance from the people of England, it ought to hold a public meeting at once, and an immediate request should go forth from it to the Mansion House Committee that the charity collected in England should be applied for the benefit of *all* the famine districts in India. If this is not done, the Madras Government, which has already been more liberally dealt with by the Government of India than the Bombay Government has been, will, during the next famine season, be working lavishly with a public charitable fund as well as with the ordinary revenues of the country, while the Bombay Government will be left struggling as best it can with the assistance of no charitable means, and unable to relax for a moment the rigidity of policy imposed upon it by a conscientious regard for the rights of the taxpayers whose money has to pay for the support of the famine-stricken. Bombay would have an excellent claim on the charity of Englishmen, for when Lancashire fell into severe distress during the American war, no one came forward more liberally than Bombay with assistance for the poverty-stricken operatives. We do not know whether it would be worth while claimiag from the Madras Government a portion of England's famine charity for the sake of the famine-stricken people of this Presidency. From all that we can judge of the character of the Duke of Buckingham, we should think he would be likely to reply to such a proposal from Bombay in the spirit of another nobleman who is mentioned by Dean Ramsay. One day this nobleman found a farthing on the road, and a hungry beggar close by, who had seen him picking it up, rushed forward and asked for the coin as he was a poor man. But his Lordship put the farthing in his pocket and quietly said, "Na, na, puir body; fin' a farden for yourse!'."

A DOMESTIC servant in India may be described as a necessary nuisance. He is one of those troubles of life which cannot be dispensed with. He is as humble in his way as Uriah Heep, yet he is a tyrant in our households. His influence, though perhaps not boldly asserted, is nevertheless a painful ever-present fact. It is no wonder that a being of so much importance should be specially legislated upon. Our legal authorities in the Government of India have discovered that they can no longer afford to ignore his rights and pretensions. Hence they have laid their heads together, and after much trouble concocted a Bill which is calculated to appease his claims and to increase the worry of those persons who are compelled to accept his services. The subject must have been singularly full of difficulties, for our legislators were in this position, that although they felt bound to define the rights of the domestic tyrant, they were still expected to show some consideration for the rights of the people who employ him. They have not succeeded quite to our satisfaction, as it appears to us that they have granted the tyrant too many rights and have imposed too many inconveniences on those who pay him his wages. Up to this time, the great check upon the tyranny of the domestic servant has been that he could be easily got rid of, and that no great trouble need be incurred either in engaging him or deposing him from his sovereignty. Now, however, our legislators intend to make the engaging of him a serious and formidable undertaking, and the dismissing of him an act liable to be fenced round with penalties and vexations. We do not know exactly what necessity there is for legislation on the rights of domestic servants, for it is scarcely possible that the relations of Indian man and master can be bettered by a number of sections which will only give more employment to vakeels and greater opportunities to the servant to assert his tyranny. But our legislators hold different opinions, and therefore the statutes of India are now to be enriched with a Masters' and Servants' Act, regarding which we can only express the hope that it will not do a great deal more harm than good. Should English education spread downwards from Brahmans to native servants, so that the latter may become intimately acquainted with the powers with which they are invested for giving their masters bad service and then making it a matter of difficulty for their unfortunate employers to dismiss them, there will be a considerable addition, to the litigation of the country; but if it happens that the Masters' and Servants' Act does not penetrate into the cook-house and the butler's dormitory, then things will remain pretty much as they are, except as regards the increased trouble which masters will have to take about the registration of their servants.

One of the most common species of the domestic tyrant is the chokra, the lad who cleans the dogs, runs messages, or helps the ayah to look after the children. The new Bill declares the "chokra" to be a minor against whom no claims can be enforced. He will therefore be able to do much as he pleases in a household. He may smash the children's toys, injure the dogs, or help the butler to break dishes, but he is only a minor, and the master must meekly suffer what injuries he chooses to inflict upon him. Let us hope this little tyrant will not find out his formidable legal rights. Employers have hitherto been frequently content to engage servants by word of mouth, but it would appear now that if they wish to have a secure position they must make definite contracts with their servants, otherwise they may find themselves called upon to pay higher wages than they had agreed upon, owing to the powers which servants have to demand to be paid the average rate of wages of servants in the neighbourhood. We all know the great difficulty that is experienced, after dismissing one servant, in getting a satisfactory one to fill his place. Servants who are little better than loafers present "characters" which they have hired, and on the strength of these may be engaged on the understanding of a trial. This arrangement enabled a master to turn off a man whenever he found out he was not satisfactory. Now, however, it is doubtful whether a master will have this means of suiting himself with a servant, for "in the absence of express provisions as to the terms of service and the mode of terminating a contract, it shall be presumed "that a domestic servant is hired for a month, "and the contract is terminable by fifteen "days' notice or payment or tender of "fifteen days' wages." It is evident that people will have to be very cautious in taking men even on trial, otherwise they may find themselves face to face with the claims of several unsatisfactory people in the course of a week or two for a month's wages and fifteen days' notice or wages besides. While the rights of the servant as to notice are defined, we do not see anything in the Act giving a master equal rights in the same matter, so that apparently a servant may quit service whenever he chooses, and a household may be plunged into great temporary inconvenience without the master being able either to punish or obtain compensation from the offender. This is decidedly a case of "heads I win, tails you lose," for the servant. We wonder what can be the meaning of this—"Chapter III. defines the master's "rights and the servant's duties; it provides for "compensation to the master for the wilful "refusal of the servant to enter the service." This surely cannot mean that a servant is to be compelled to enter a man's service against his will; because a subsequent section of the Act provides that the master "shall compensate a competent servant for refusing to "receive him into his service." Things would be coming to a pretty pass in Government of India legislation and codification if a servant were to be bound to enter a man's service, or if a master were to be compelled to take into his service some servant only because the servant happened to be competent. We presume that the explanation of the enigma is that if a contract between master and man is made, neither party can break away from it without giving the other compensation. Masters will therefore in future be prevented from coquetting with servants whom they would like to engage; they will have to make a bond and abide by it as firmly as if it were a transaction between Shylock and Antonio.

The Act lays it down that masters are to be entitled to the whole time of their domestic servants. This is a well-intentioned provision, but we doubt whether it will ever be adhered to, the Indian servant being generally of opinion that his whole time need not be given to his master, so that he thinks nothing of quitting the bungalow at an early hour in the evening and never turning up till the next morning. Such a section as this may go far to do away with the mischievous effects upon servants this Act may have, as it will always give a master a justification for dismissing a bad servant, although we do not observe

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

THE FAMINE CRISIS—IMPORTANT RELIEF WORKS (RAILWAYS) SANCTIONED IN KATTYWAR AND GUZERAT.

POONA, Aug. 19.

An important conference was held yesterday at Ganesh Khind to determine upon the relief works to be undertaken in Guzerat and Kattywar. Present—H. E. the Governor, the members of Council, Mr. J. B. Peile, Political Agent of Kattywar, Colonels Kennedy and Hancock, and Mr. F. Mathew, Agent B. B. and C. I. Railway. After a long discussion, a resolution of Government was passed sanctioning a railway running from Bhownuggur into the interior of Kattywar. This line will run northwards towards Wudwan, and then westwards. The extension is also sanctioned of the Bombay and Baroda line from Patree to Bhooj, this being considered part of a future line to Hyderabad. In Guzerat several branches will be constructed, including one from Dubhoy to Baroda. The Dhond and Munmar line now is sanctioned as a regular railway.

THE VICEROY.

No rain here. The Viceroy is not expected till to-morrow night. H. E. the Governor will give dinners on Tuesday and Wednesday, and a Garden Party on Thursday. The Viceroy leaves on Friday.

THE FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

The Fine Arts Exhibition will be opened to-morrow by H. E. the Governor. The show of pictures is larger than last year and better. The Governor exhibits several pictures of his own. Mrs. Elwyn, of Madras, wins the first prize.

POONA STEEPLECHASES.

The steeplechases yesterday went off well, but the attendance was not numerous.

ACTIVE MILITARY MOVEMENTS IN AFGHANISTAN.

LAHORE, Aug. 18.

The Amir has intimated to the Governor of Jellalabad his intention of visiting Lalpoora and the hills about the Khyber Pass, and he has directed Shere Ahmed Khan, commander of the hill troops, to attend him with maps of the district, and plans of the fort of Jamrood, and to accompany him on his tour. The Amir is exclusively taken up with military affairs. The levies stationed at Seah Sung have marched to Candahar since the murder of Lieut. Hewson at Quetta. The hillmen are in a state of alarm, fearing an attack by the British. The headmen of the Kakur tribe are prepared to throw themselves on the protection of the Amir, and active correspondence is kept up between them and Cabul.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE WAR.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

An Imperial *Irade* has been issued by the Czar, calling out for military service all men in Russia capable of bearing arms who were hitherto exempt from service.

General Gourko has proceeded to St. Petersburg to bring the Imperial Guard to the seat of war.

RETURN OF COLONEL WELLESLEY TO HIS POST.

Colonel the Hon'ble T. A. Wellesley, British Military Attaché to the Russian Court, has returned to the Russian headquarters at Bulgreni.

THE FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

The Mansion House fund for the relief of the famine in Southern India is rapidly increasing. Lord Northbrook has subscribed £500 whilst the Rothschilds and Barings are both down on the list for £1,000 each. Several Mayors in the kingdom are responding to the appeal from the Madras Committee and have called meetings in behalf of the fund.

THE WAR.

LONDON, Aug. 19.

Suleiman Pasha with his army has arrived at Elena to the north of the Balkans.

The town of Salonica has been placed in a state of siege.

General Mareky has been appointed to supersede General Melikoff.

Poti has been deserted by the Russians.

Admiral Hobart Pasha with his fleet is at Sinope.

The emigration of Circassians to Turkey is increasing.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Aug. 17.

The Bombay Mails of the 27th ult., via Brindisi, were delivered in London to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

SUEZ, Aug. 19.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Assyria, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, sailed hence yesterday.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, August 17, Noon.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	58,000	bales.
Amount forwarded	2,000	do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats	7,000	do.
Do. Week's Imports of Cotton ..	15,000	do.
Do. do. do. Surats ..	4,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton	877,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	61,000	do.
Do. do. of Cotton in London ..	34,000	do.

LONDON, Aug. 17, Aft.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with supplies freely offered. Surats freely offered.

The London Cotton Market has been flat.

Fair Dholleras	5 1-16
The Manchester Market has been dull.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6
8½ lbs. do.	7
40s Mule Twist	0-10½
3 per cent. Consols for account	95¼
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	106¼
Bar Silver.....	54½
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight...	1.83
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	83¼
4½ per cent. do.	83¼
5½ per cent. do.	88½
Total Coin in the Bank of France ..£88,500,000	
" Notes in Circulation £95,200,000	

Departure—Lady Lycett and Golden Grove.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.—Aug. 19.

Cable right to Fao. Turkish line right to Fera, Persian line interrupted beyond Tiflis.

RAIN AND CROP REPORTS.

The following general remarks on the weather and crops for the past week appear in the *Gazette of India* of the 18th inst. Reports from the Madras Presidency state that there has been a good fall of rain in Malabar, parts of Tinnevelly and the Neilgherries; in Salem, Tanjore, S. Arcot, Chingleput and Bellary moderate showers have benefited the dry crops, but more rain is still wanted; the showers that have fallen in Nellore, Cuddapah, N. Arcot, and Coimbatore, have been insufficient; no rain has fallen in Trichinopoly. From Mysore showers are reported to have fallen, and the prospects are improved. In the Bombay Presidency a good fall of rain is reported from Kanara and Dharwar; more rain is wanted in Belgaum and Kaladgi; the prospects of Satara and Sholapur, however, are good, but rain is urgently needed in Poona, in Ahmednuggur, and in the Konkan; the condition of the crops is very bad in Khandesh, Nasik, and Guzerat. From Sind reports are, that the Indus is very low and water is wanted. In the Central Provinces prospects are generally good, but rain is wanted in parts for the rice crop. Rain has fallen in Berar. In Central India rain is urgently needed, only partial showers having fallen, and distress is impending in Gwalior. No rain has fallen in Rajputana, and it is likely that there will be a general loss of crops if rain is any longer delayed. From Bengal the prospects are reported to be generally very favourable and also in Assam and Burma. More rain is wanted in Sarun, Cuttack, and Pooree. In the North-West Provinces the drought, except in Benares, still continues. No rain has fallen in the Punjab and the crops are drying up there.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, Aug. 18, 8-20 A.M.

French steamer Sindh, from Aden, arrived.

GALLE, Aug. 19, 8-50 A.M.

French mail steamer Peiho, from China, arrived.

WEATHER REPORTS.—Aug. 19.

(Madras Time.)

CANNANORE, 5 P.M.—Weather showery, wind N. W., ther. max. 80, W. B. 77, min. 72, bar. 29-91. Fall of rain 1 inch 24 cents.

MANGALORE, 5 P.M.—Weather fine, wind N. E., N., N. W. Fall of rain 1 inches 65 cents.

VINGORLA, 3 P.M.—Weather clear, wind W. light, ther. 89. Fall of rain 15 cents.

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 8 13-16d.	per Rupee.
Do. at 3 months' sight...	1s. 8 15-16d.	"
Do. " 6 " "	...1s. 9d.	"
Credits " 3 " "	...1s. 9 1-16d.	"
Do. " 6 " "	...1s. 9 1-16d.	"
Documents " 3 " "	...1s. 9¼d.	"
" 6 " "	...1s. 9¾d.	"

FALL OF RAIN IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Byculla. In. cts.
Saturday, Aug. 18, up to 6 a.m.....	0 3	0 0	0 0
Sunday, Aug. 19, up to 6 a. m.....	0 9	0 2	0 0
Previously registered.....	49 0	38 72	45 26
Total up to date.....	49 12	38 74	45 26
Fall up to 19th Aug. 1876	37 72	37 62	42 30

COLONELS GEORGE SWINEY, W. B. GIRDLESTONE, and J. McLeod Farrington have retired from the service on a pension and annuity.

ON the 1st inst. Mr. P. Fennell, station master at Kounitiya, Rangoon died of cholera. The deceased was taken ill at noon, and died the same evening.

A MR. HUNTER, who was in charge of the late Mr. Packard's estate at Vythery, shot himself some days ago. It appears there was a complaint made against him to the executors of the estate by a European planter.

WE understand that Mr. John S. Oliphant, of the India Office, has been appointed by the Secretary of State, Official Agent to the Administrator General of India, in succession to Mr. W. M. Macpherson, resigned.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Allahabad says:—"I am afraid we shall be let in for a small famine in the North-West. The reports from up-country, especially Meerut, are very bad; and we have not had five inches of rain in Allahabad since the first of July."

The *Madras Times* says, that the Bishop of Ceylon refuses the trial of the Rev. Mr. Clark save before himself, with appeal to the Metropolitan. The Church is to consider Mr. Clarke's ministrations disapproved, and it is rumoured that the Bishop is to call for a Synod.

THE movement of the 4th P. W. O. Cavalry from Bellary to St. Thomas' Mount has been countermanded, in consequence of the alarm about a water famine in the first-named station having passed away with the fall of some heavy rain there. No other regiments were under orders to the Mount.

THE 43rd Regiment Light Infantry at Bellary, which has, says the *Madras Times*, an unfortunate reputation for "swagger" amongst the regiments of its own service, is said to be temporarily commanded by an officer of the Madras Native Army, a service upon which this corps looked down from unfathomable heights.

FROM the China papers we see that the crops which promised to redeem the people from the sufferings of the last nine months, are now being destroyed by locusts. The steamer Taku reports, that when she passed down the Peiho River on the 6th July, the banks on either side were covered with locusts, resembling a fog bank.

IT is announced in the *Gazette of India* of the 18th inst., that the Hon'ble Mr. T. C. Hope, C. S. I., has been permitted, at his own request, to resign his post of Additional Secretary to the Government of India in the Revenue Department. Mr. C. E. Bernard, C.S., Judicial Commissioner of the Central Provinces, is appointed to that post as a temporary measure.

THE decision of the Calcutta Turf Club in connection with the late Wellington Races is adverse to the action of the Wellington Stewards who, it is believed, have therefore, tendered an apology to the "Pilgrims" and Mr. Morgan, which apology, however, is considered as not being ample. There is, however, every reason to hope that the matter will be satisfactorily settled out of Court.

TWO guns of Horse Artillery, the 54th Sikhs, and the 14th Lancers, proceeded from Peshawar, under Colonel Rowcroft and Captain Cavagnari, at 11 o'clock, on the night of the 15th instant against the village close to the Pass, 28 miles distant, owing to the villagers having plundered another in our territory, and refused to pay a fine. The village was surrounded at daybreak, and the head men captured without firing a shot. The troops have not yet returned.

THE appeal of Dr. Morice *versus* Simla Bank (plaintiff), against the decision of the Judicial Assistant of Simla, decreeing upwards of Rs. 17,000 against the appellant, has been dismissed by the Chief Court with costs. Mr. Justice Fitzpatrick in an exhaustive and learned judgment, takes up the various legal points urged on behalf of Dr. Morice, and decides every one of them against him. Mr. Spitta was counsel for appellant and Mr. Rattigan represented the Bank.

THE relatives of Deendar, Khan who was lately accidentally shot at Pykarra—an account of which appeared in the *Bombay Gazette* on Thursday,—are not disposed to let the matter drop so quietly. The matter is to be re-investigated. Hossein Khan has been re-arrested, and the case will be gone into over again. It is alleged that the deceased, at the time of his death, wore a gold chain round his neck and had some money in his possession, which were missing when the body was found in the shola previous to its being brought into Ooty.

THE high price of rice, says the *Rangoon Times*, is now beginning to be very severely felt by the mass of the people, and if it goes any higher we look for an increase of crime. Already we hear that at and near Amherst, placards addressed to certain dealers in rice have been stuck up at various places, intimating that unpleasant results will ensue if they dare to raise prices any more—a species of intimidation which is not quite meaningless considering the times. We have known of cases where Burman dacoits have posted a notice on the door of a house, that they would attack it on a certain night, and they kept their word too.

A MUSSOORIE correspondent writes:—"It is not often I have to record accidents to fair equestrians One occurred the other evening, which very nearly had a fatal result to the rider, as well as to her unlucky steed. A young lady returning from her evening ride, accompanied by a gallant A.D.C., whilst proceeding to her home on the top of Camel's Back, on which the roads are little more than bridle paths, the horse's foot went over the road, then another, finally causing him to roll down with his rider. Fortunately she extricated herself just in time, for her steed being unable to recover her footing, rolled down some distance, finally over a precipice amongst some ugly chasmy looking rocks and was dashed to pieces!"

ON Tuesday last, Mr. Francis Rose, late Band Master Sergeant of the old Madras Fusiliers, died at Bangalore. He must have been about eighty years of age at the time of his death. He enlisted about the year 1814, and was with his Regiment throughout the campaign of 1815, and shared in the battles of Asseerghur, Nagpore, Mahidpoor, and other engagements, during these stirring times, and until peace was proclaimed in 1821. He was also present with the Regiment during the first Burmese war in 1824. He was much esteemed and respected by the officers of his Regiment, and on his retiring was presented by them with the valuable scimitar he had worn for many years as band master.

THE following promotions are made in the Punjab Commission consequent upon Mr. R. T. Burney being confirmed as Superintendent of Chamba:—Major H. L. Grey to be Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class and Mr. J. Erizelle of the 3rd. Messrs. G. Smyth, F. Beachcroft, and Captain C. H. T. Marshall to be Judicial Assistants of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Classes respectively. Mr. A. W. Stogdon to be Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class and Mr. W. Jenkyns of the 2nd. The following promotions ensue from Mr. F. E. Moore's decease:—Messrs. C. Coldstream and W. M. Young to be Deputy Commissioners of the 2nd and 3rd Classes respectively. Mr. F. Bullock to be Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class and Mr. Ibbitson of the 2nd. Mr. Young is posted to the Goorgaon District.

THE Simla correspondent of the *Statesman* writes:—"Fashion is striding gigantically. While at the Gaiety Theatre the other night I saw a great display of shoulder-blades and vertebræ; a little more modesty was expressed in the corresponding depression of the body of dress in front. A scanty amount of lace and tulle was set up as a screen against the gaze of a curious eye; but ingeniously arranged to disclose a dainty portion of the contour of the hidden charms. In parts of Southern India this chaste and virtuous women of the country wear but a skirt, leaving the upper portion of the body entirely nude; whereas their lewd sisters clothe the breast in a gaudy colored jacket. Probably in the course of time this unsophisticated method of indicating chastity and virtue by the nudity of Nature's mould, will be closely imitated by our inventive and gentle help-mates in the construction of articles of dress."

SINCE the death of Mr. Henry Gamble, Official Assignee at Bombay, Mr. C. W. L. Jackson, has acted in his place, carrying on at the same time his own duties as Clerk of the Insolvent Debtors' Court. Mr. Jackson cleared off much of the business in the office and paid dividends on a number of estates. We have not heard how the question of the defalcations to a large amount which were discovered in the accounts, nor that of the irregularities which were imputed to some of the clerks, has been disposed of, nor have we heard what has been the result of the labours of the committee of enquiry that was specially appointed by the Chief Justice. We only know that none of the clerks has been removed from office, and that Mr. C. A. Turner has now been appointed Official Assignee in Mr. Gamble's place, performing at the same time his own work as Assistant Commissioner and Taxing Officer until the return to Bombay of Mr. Fox, the Commissioner, who is expected here about five months hence. Mr. Turner is a nephew of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kemball.

THE *Statesman*:—We have called attention to the almost incredible fact that the cargo boats of the port of Calcutta have taken advantage of the shipping demand for Madras, to run up their charges from Rs. 12 per day to Rs. 85, and that they are threatening to raise it to Rs. 125 before *Poojahs*. Outrageous extortion of this order calls for a prompt remedy. The local Government should at once place all the cargo boats of the river under a Licensing Act, similar to that which regulates the hire of carriages and palanquins. The matter admits of no discussion. Where but in India would a 'fix' of this nature have been possible? As we have pointed out, we shall probably have to send 300,000 to 400,000 tons of grain from this port down to Madras, for the relief of that presidency in the next few months; and we *start* by putting it in the power of the cargo-boat owners of Calcutta to levy what is simply a blackmail upon these shipments to the extent of 20 or 30 lakhs of rupees. The wonder is that the trade of the port is not strangled under such mismanagement. It is not confined, it seems, to the cargo boats, but common carters and coolies are asserting the same rights, and earning a mild Rs. 60 to Rs. 80 per month, under a system that permits them to charge anything they please. All these classes should, of course, be under a license Act, administered by the Port Commissioners, as public conveyances are under the Police Act.

A TERRIBLE loss of life by the sinking of a boat on the Hooghly was communicated by a native to a Calcutta paper as follows:—"In the course of this morning, August 14, by seven, a boat having laden a number of wretched souls over from the other part of the river Hoogly was hastening with all speediness to reach the Aheeretolah ghat; but on a sudden, the further movement was impeded by being plunged in. This sad accident proceeded from the boat's violently rushing to another. Only two helms-men out of which rescued themselves from the ever-terrible hands of that cruel monster, leaving the rest to form a mass in bottom. Ah! what a most painful calamity came to meet to those pitiable creatures in the shape of death, to disappear them from the vastly extensive limit of this universe; having totally extinguished the fires of hopes and imaginations to their future career and for which they set out. Ah! in what a fathomless deep of sorrow, will their families and relatives cast themselves upon, when this most heart-piercing news will arrive at. Ah! what a woful scene the walls of their houses will assume when the bitterly agonising weeping will overcome them all. Ah! the individuals, who on their different expectations were crossing the stream, obliged to put a stop, being arrested by the single hand of death. Alas! alas! even from these the poor mortals cannot suppress their vicious passions and deeds of which they are the masters. It is the most strange, after all, to look upon."

THE *Indian Daily News*:—The Hon'ble Mr. Eden is so well proved a friend to the natives, and so popular with them, that advice of his which, coming from other Englishmen, might not be regarded, is likely to have weight; and therefore his speech at the Durbar on Tuesday may bear fruit, and induce less seditious language in the columns of vernacular papers, and their more respectable conduct. We may confess, however, that it is not quite apparent from Mr. Eden's speech how this result is to be brought about. His Honour says explicitly that the vernacular press is not in the hands of men of influence, learning, or such position as can be considered to give them a claim to represent native thought; and yet to the representative men of influence, learning, and position assembled at his Durbar he looks, it would seem, to put down the seditious language of the vernacular press. If with that press they have neither part or share, sympathy or connection, we fail to see how they can manipulate it or exert any restraining influence upon preachers of sedition who, whether men of "learning" or not, are at least men who by virtue of their University degree feel confidence in their own cleverness, and are not likely to stand much in awe of Mrs. Grundy and the respectabilities. It seems to us that the Lieutenant-Governor's speech either does not go far enough, or goes too far. If as His Honour assumes, this seditious vernacular press is reprobated by all respectable natives in Bengal, exists only for the unlearned and vulgar, and is used only to mislead them, and stir up vicious passions in them, it is obviously the duty of the Government to step in and protect these ignorant helpless people, just as in England, for the sake of the common weal, the young and unwise are protected against publications of the Holywell-street order. If Mr. Eden is correct in his estimate of the loyalty of Bengalees, and their attitude towards the native press, any action on the part of Government that would suppress seditious, and therefore—in the hands of ignorant humanity—mischievous writing, would command the sympathy and support of all the respectable people in the province, and would be opposed only by an insignificant fraction of the people, not worth consideration in a matter of this sort. If, on the other hand, the vernacular press is really a power in the land, really represents and reflects the ton of the people, and is a legitimate outcome of our much vaunted freedom of the press and a successful planing of liberal institutions in India, it is idle, and worse than idle, to try to decry and stifle it—at least if liberal institutions are to have a fair trial in India.

BOMBAY.

ANXIETY is felt owing to the non-arrival of the s. s. Fitzpatrick, which left Rangoon for Negapatam on the 26th July, and has not since been heard of.

THEFT BY A FEMALE.—A Hindoo woman, named Gunga, was, on Saturday, sentenced by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, at the Girgaum Police Court, to two months' hard labour in the Common Jail, for stealing a *saree* belonging to Krishna Baljee.

A PICK-POCKET.—A Hindoo, named Soorkea Shawa, was, on Saturday, sentenced by Mr. W. Webb, at the Fort Police Court, to fourteen days' hard labour in the Common Jail, for stealing Rs. 3-1-1 from the pocket of Kisson Sookram while passing along a public thoroughfare.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake, for the week ending Saturday, 11th Aug. was 59 feet 8 tenths; total rainfall up to date 35 inches 12 cents. In the corresponding week last year it was 58 feet 8 tenths; total rainfall up to date was 47 inches 32 cents.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Janoo Dedo, a servant to a sodawater manufacturer, named Dorabjee Merwanjee, was, on Saturday, convicted by Mr. W. Webb, at the Fort Police Court, of stealing eight empty sodawater bottles, the property of his master, and was sentenced to one week's hard labour in the Common Jail.

THE following programme of music will be played at the Football match this evening at 5-30 by the band 20th Regt. N. I.:—

Lancers	La fille de Madame ..... Auguet
Valse	Mecotti ..... Waldteufel.
Reminiscences of Mozart.	
Valse	Little Tell ..... Godfrey.
Galop	Princess Marie..... D'Albert.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

FATAL ACCIDENT ON BOARD SHIP.—On Friday morning, as the anchor of the ship Norfolk was being heaved, preparatory to her leaving this port, one of the crew, Robert Kelley, went down on the anchor to hook on the cat block. He, however, missed his hold, and on falling into the water, struck his head on the fluke of the anchor. A life buoy was immediately thrown over and a boat lowered, but he never came to the surface again. After an ineffectual search, the ship proceeded on her way out of port.

A CORRESPONDENT of a contemporary writes—"Journeying from Bombay last week reports met me on all sides of the very heavy losses which the G.I.P. Railway are daily sustaining from the depredations of the villagers upon the wagons of grain proceeding west. The cool daring with which these men jump upon trains in actual motion, always in some lonely part of the country, and speedily relieve the vehicle of ten or a dozen bags only exhibits the frightful scarcity which must be prevalent in their homes. Over a hundred poor wretches have been captured, but nevertheless judging from the slight cessation that has taken place in the thefts, large bands must still be at work, and the confessions of the former that prison, with its certain and regular fare, is preferable to starvation at home, points out that the evil is one that will not be easily stamped out. The average amount of compensation which the Company is paying for these losses is estimated at over Rs. 1,000 per diem."

WE understand that the new building for the Scottish Schools in the Fort will be begun immediately, the site will be facing the Queen's statue, not far from the Miss Prescott's school, which is now nearly completed.—*Bombay Catholic Examiner.*

NUSSEERABAD, August 13.—A very sad affair took place here last night in H. M.'s 68th (Durham) L. I. The particulars are as follows:—A private named Brown, of the above corps was shouting on the well side at 9-15 p.m., calling out to a comrade of his in a chaffing way. Some soldiers were in the front verandah. On hearing the said Brown shouting out, they went out to see what was the matter. Alas! they saw nobody. Search was made, and it was found that the shouting man had drowned himself. Of course, the unfortunate man had taken a drop more than usual. This is the third man in the 68th Regiment who has met with such an untimely end since the arrival of this regiment at this station.—*Bombay Catholic Examiner.*

THE WEATHER IN POONA.—Our weather is delightful: very pleasant, cool, and bracing. We have showers that keep the dust laid, clean our foliage, and cool our air. As far as climate is concerned, we are perfectly satisfied. But we have not yet had the good soaking rain we need to keep the ground permanently moist. On Wednesday night we had some pleasant showers, which serve to keep up the growth of the crops. We are living from hand to mouth, and a few days of hot sun would cause our crops to wither, for there is no deep-laid moisture in the ground.—*Deccan Herald.*

ANOTHER new cotton mill is about to be started in the Bombay Presidency, under the title of "The Tapti Company, Limited," with a capital of Rs. 12,00,000, in twelve thousand shares, of one hundred rupees each. The new Company seems to start with every prospect of being a financial success, for if companies that have to work by steam power in Bombay can pay good dividends, how much more so should a company that has available water power for working equal to one thousand horse power? The locality of the mills is also peculiarly advantageous for the business. They will have the advantages of both railway and water carriage at their very doors, and are situated nearly in the centre of the district where the Hinghanghat cotton, the best known in India, is grown. As this mill will be the pioneer in the use of water as a motor power in India, on its success will, no doubt, depend the further utilization of a power of which there is abundance in many parts of this country.—*Englishman.*

THE Wanis and Bhattias constitute a very important portion of the population of Bombay. They are a commercial, shrewd and energetic body, and many of them come much in contact with European merchants, and are very ready to avail themselves of the various means of making money thus brought to their notice. Many of their number are very rich. These are the class who believe the Maharajahs to be incarnations of deity. It was thought by many that the system of the Wallabhacharyas had sustained a great shock seventeen years ago when the Maharajah Libel Case brought to light the horrid immortalities of these Maharajahs. But the revelation then made seems not to have detracted at all from the prestige of these "gods on earth." In fact there was nothing then brought to light which was not well known to the worshippers themselves, and the violations of the seventh command are not considered by them to be forbidden to their idolized incarnations. What is the use of being a god if one is not above law, is a sentiment often heard from the lips of these and other Hindoos. These men are not elevated to their throne on the ground of any goodness or purity, but simply on the ground of their descent. Their worshippers consecrate all they have inclusive of their families, to the service of these bloated and lustful men. In all this, Hindoos stand, except so far as they have been inoculated with Western ideas, see nothing amiss. And even the "Reformers," so-called, seem to see nothing so very flagrant or odious in it. We are not aware that these persons are exposed to any particular opprobrium in the community on account of these customs; certainly they are not called to encounter one-hundredth part of the opprobrium that is visited upon him who consecrates himself to the service of one whose name we do not like to mention in this connection, but whose character is recognized by even infidels as worthily reflecting the glories of deity, and whose greatest enemies could not convict him of sin. Some would have us believe that virtue to be followed needs but to be known; but the very opposite is evidently true. One of these Maharajahs has just been building himself a new place in the suburbs of Bombay. But let it be borne in mind that the gains which go to build these palace-temples, are won by the commerce which Europeans have developed in India.—*Bombay Guardian.*

THE TRAFFIC ON THE G. I. P. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic on the G. I. P. Railway, for the week ending 11th August 1877, was 4,91,502 maunds and in money Rs. 3,14,816. The quantities carried and the earnings compared with 1876 as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 11th Aug. 1877.	Week ending 12th Aug 1876.	Increase.	Decrease.
COTTON—				
Weight	Mds 4,896	Mds 22,445	...	Mds 17,549
Amount	Rs. 3,619	Rs. 24,452	...	Rs. 20,833
GRAIN AND SEEDS—				
Weight	Mds 4,90,380	Mds 1,19,710	Mds 3,71,081	...
Amount	Rs. 2,73,404	Rs. 37,691	Rs. 2,35,713	...
WHEAT—				
Weight	Mds 97,237	...	Mds 97,237	...
Amount.....	Rs. 54,993	...	Rs 54,993	...
SALT—				
Weight	Mds 19,022	Mds 7,063	Mds 11,054	...
Amount.....	Rs. 10,136	Rs. 4,133	Rs. 6,002	...
OTHER—				
Weight	Mds 317	Mds 1,543	...	Mds 1,226
Amount.....	Rs. 1,522	Rs. 5,091	...	Rs. 3,569
GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight	Mds 5,983	Mds. 7,810	...	Mds 1,847
Amount	Rs. 13,340	Rs. 10,956	Rs. 1,384	...
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weights.....	Mds 1,38,595	Mds 10,0,843	Mds 32,752	...
Amount	Rs. 87,179	Rs. 46,023	Rs. 41,156	...
TOTAL—				
Weights.....	Mds 7,51,830	Mds 2,60,328	Mds 4,91,502	...
Amount	Rs. 4,43,163	Rs. 1,28,346	Rs. 3,14,816	...

* Wheat was included last year with Grain and Seed.

THE TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 11th August 1877 was 33,726 maunds and in money Rs. 17,057. The quantities carried and the earnings compared with 1876 are as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 11th Aug 1877.	Week ending 12th Aug 1876.	Increase.	Decrease.
COTTON—				
Weight	Mds 458	Mds 52	Mds 406	...
Amount.....	Rs. 279	Rs. 28	Rs. 251	...
GRAIN—				
Weight	Mds 45,611	Mds 13,987	Mds 31,644	...
Amount.....	Rs. 14,124	Rs. 2,697	Rs. 11,427	...
JAGGERY—				
Weight	...	Mds 560	...	Mds 560
Amount.....	...	Rs. 191	...	Rs. 191
PIECE GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight	Mds 1,691	Mds 2,588	...	Mds 897
Amount.....	Rs. 1,881	Rs. 2,213	...	Rs. 332
SALT—				
Weight	Mds 10,198	Mds 453	Mds 9 745	...
Amount.....	Rs. 4,535	Rs. 183	Rs. 4,352	...
SEEDS—				
Weight	Mds 2,029	Mds 1,472	Mds 550	...
Amount.....	Rs. 542	Rs. 305	Rs. 237	...
SUGAR—				
Weight	Mds 1,214	Mds 1,423	...	Mds 209
Amount.....	Rs. 591	Rs. 645	...	Rs. 54
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight	Mds 29,977	Mds 36,980	...	Rs. 6,953
Amount.....	Rs. 10,477	Rs. 8,890	Rs. 1,587	...
TOTAL—				
Weight	Mds 91,171	Mds 57,445	Mds 33,726	...
Amount.....	Rs. 32,269	Rs. 15,152	Rs. 17,057	...

THE DISTRESSED SEAMEN OF THE CHEOPS.

We have received from Cymru Rs. 10 for the benefit of the destitute seamen who were rescued from the Cheops. More money is much needed.

PARSEE PRAYERS FOR RAIN.

A CONCOURSE of many hundreds of Parsees assembled yesterday (Sunday) at the "All-bless Baug," Girgaum Road, to offer prayers to the Almighty God to relieve the sufferers of the Indian presidencies from want of rain this year. The meeting was held in response to a circular issued to the Zoroastrian community in the names of the trustees of their charitable funds, namely Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, the third Baronet, (who has put down the same as such for the first time in a public document,) Messrs. Heerjeebhoy Hormanjee Setna, Cursetjee Furdoonjee Parukh, Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, and Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel. All the leading members of the community as well as the chief and other priests were present at the meeting. The large verandah of "All-bless Baug, in which meetings are usually held, was filled to excess; and nearly two hundreds of Parsees had to find sitting or standing room as best they could, in every available nook and corner of the bungalow and the extensive premises surrounding it, and even in the public road. The proceedings commenced after 4 o'clock by Dustoors Peseotunjee Behramjee, Jamsetjee Manockerjee, Sorabjee Rustomjee, Cursetjee Beramjee, and others performing the grand *Hussen* ceremony, assisted by a number of priests, who sat on carpets spread on the floor, facing large censers of copperbrass, in which the sacred fire was fed with offerings of pieces of sandal wood, benzoin, and other incenses. Having in this manner propitiated Teer Yezd, the angel of rain, as he is called, the vast assembly marched on foot past the railway level crossing at Chowpatty to the sea shore, where fresh prayers were offered to Aban Yezd, the angel of water, with a similar object. Dusk had nearly set in as the Parsees dispersed to their respective residences after having—as the religiously-inclined among them fancied—successfully propitiated the elements which should favour our options full of rain in Bombay and other places.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

EXCERPTS from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on the 16th instant.

Read Government Resolution, dated 26th July, forwarding for the information of the Trustees, a Resolution of the Government of India, dated 4th July, describing the advantages of a systematic record of tidal observations on Indian coasts, and directing that every port where a tide gauge is set up, should pay for its establishment and maintenance from Port funds, and stating that the Government of India will provide for the general superintendence and control of the tidal observations that may be decided to be taken. Read memo. by Resident Engineer, dated 31st July, stating that there is a self-acting gauge, as well as other conveniences for observations, belonging to the Trustees, which may be utilized.—Resolution: to be recorded.

Read letter from the Acting Deputy Conservator and Master Attendant, dated 14th August, applying for the sanction of the Trustees to dock the Dromedary on the first opportunity, so as to have her bottom thoroughly cleaned and painted.—Resolution: sanctioned.

The following was amongst the papers laid on the table:

Pilotage statement week to 14th August:—

15	Vessels piloted into harbour.	
17	" " out of "	
7	" transported.	

INDIAN NEWS-LETTERS.

AHMEDNUGGUR, August 14.

MANY people entertain apprehensions of present and impending misfortunes. Prices in the grain-market are enormously increased. Bajree is sold at Rs. 30 a pulla. The present state of the poor is alarming; the Relief Fund Committee are hard up for cash. We daily find a lot of beggars wandering about the city from morning to evening. The most pitiful sight is that of the women, who are miserable, half-clad, and with about a half-dozen children with each of them.

On the 11th instant a public meeting was held in the High School, to adopt measures for the present and impending distresses. Rich Marwarrees were especially requested to attend the meeting, but I regret to say that they absented themselves for some reason or other. Our worthy Collector, Mr. Jacomb, opened the proceedings with an effective speech. Afterwards Khan Bahadoor read out an elaborate report of the Famine Relief Fund Committee who earnestly requested the gentry of this place to show their wonted liberality at such a critical juncture. The treasurer concluded the report amid loud cheers. He then circulated a subscription list; the sum of Rs. 1,751 was collected on the spot, and a sum of Rs. 925 was collected among the European officers as a donation, and Rs. 825 were given by native gentlemen. After a vote of thanks to the President the meeting dispersed.—Correspondent *Deccan Herald.*

POPULATION: BY WHAT INFLUENCES CONTROLLED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "MADRAS TIMES."

SIR,—The discussion which has been going on in your paper relative to population is interesting, inasmuch as it shows up the manner in which the ridiculous doctrines up of Malthus are supported by many people otherwise, we will charitably suppose, moderately intelligent and harmless members of society.

I have been jotting down a few figures to show how utterly beyond the province of man is the management of such matters as the extent of population. Let us suppose a perfect world, without sin or disease of any kind, and that each couple married at the proper age, with the result of propagation of his species, with which he his endowed, and continues to do so for 20 years of married life; then the result of my sum is that the family of a single pair of mortals reaches the large number of more than five thousand millions in the space of 400 years. This calculation may be verified by any one who will take the trouble to do so. Lord Macaulay once observed that the supposed healthy state of things had been going on since the Adamic account of the creation of man, the number of inhabitants would be so great on the earth that the whole orbit of the moon would be occupied by human beings closely packed, not taking into account the much more rapid increase of animals, vegetables, and vermin. Now, clearly a business like this is entirely beyond our management, and individual human effort must count for nothing. The whole system of Nature, whether as regards increase or decrease of population, supply or otherwise of food, is regulated *for* us and not *by us*; present devastation by famine shows us how utterly we are dependant upon effort which is not our own.

I do not pretend to explain why things are, but simply to assert that *they are*, the endeavours of man notwithstanding.

CITIZEN.

Madras, 14th August.

CRICKET AT KURRACHEE.

THE appointed match—Military and Civil—of Saturday, the 11th inst., smelt well and drew most. It had been proposed earlier in the season, but Pottinger's "form" stood in the way, even now it proved almost a walk over for the Civil.

NOTICES.

TO ALGERNON F. W. AUSTEN, ALBERT P. AUSTEN, and P. ALLEN.—It is to your advantage to communicate AT ONCE with
HEARN, CLEVELAND, & LITTLE,
Solicitors, 23, Rampart Row, Bombay.

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the Club will be held in the Club House on SATURDAY, 25th August, at 6 o'clock p.m.
C. A. W. CAMERON,
Honorary Secretary.

TELEGRAMS FOR EUROPE.

THE PUBLIC in ENGLAND DAILY COMPLAIN of messages from India arriving "Via Turkey" seriously mutilated and delayed. To insure transmission by the Eastern Telegraph Company's direct duplicate Cables it is necessary for the sender to write the words "VIA SUEZ" on the forms presented at the Government offices as messages so so marked appear to be sent "via Turkey" by order.
B. SMITH, Acting Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the BANK, the PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, and the GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK will be CLOSED for the COCOANUT HOLIDAYS on THURSDAY, SATURDAY, and MONDAY, the 23rd, 25th, and 27th instant.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. FRASER,
Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.
Bank of Bombay, Bombay, 11th August 1877.

NOTICE.—The undermentioned BANKS will be CLOSED for the COCOANUT HOLIDAYS, on THURSDAY, SATURDAY, and MONDAY, the 23rd, 25th, and 27th instant.
For the Oriental Bank Corporation,
P. W. ROBERTSON, Agent.
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China,
H. W. JONES, Acting Agent.
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China,
C. J. SHARP, Acting Agent.
For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris,
A. RENAUD, Manager.
For the National Bank of India (Limited),
W. A. BAKER, Manager.
For the Agra Bank (Limited),
J. HUTTON, Manager.
For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
G. E. NOBLE, Agent.
Bombay, 8th August 1877.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS for the CONSTRUCTION of PERMANENT STATIONS to replace the temporary Stations at MARINE LINES and CHURNEY ROAD in Bombay will be received up to the 21st instant.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the Office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Elphinstone Circle.
The undersigned will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.
FRANCIS MATHEW,
Agent and Chief Engineer.
Bombay, Church Gate Street, 7th August 1877.

THE VOLKART'S UNITED PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a SHAREHOLDERS MEETING will be held on the 20th August 1877, at 3 p.m., No 5, Rampart Row, to confirm the following Resolutions, which have been passed at the meeting of shareholders on the 1st August 1877 :—
1st. To expunge para. 73 of the Articles of Association, and to substitute the following :—
The net profits earned at each branch where the business of the Company is carried on shall be ascertained, and the same shall be divided by the number of bales pressed at each branch, so as to ascertain the net profits on each bale pressed at each branch. All the shareholders, either individually or through the firms of which they are partners, giving their own merchandize to be pressed in their own name, shall be entitled to a bonus of ten per cent. of the net profits earned on the bales so given to the Company on the profit earned at the branch where the said bales have been pressed.
Every shareholder to submit in writing his claim for such bonus not later than 31st January and 31st July of every year, and only shareholders complying with this rule shall be entitled to claim the above bonus, such claim to be only paid after the Profit and Loss Account has been submitted and approved by the shareholders,
2nd. To add the following words to para. 61 of the Articles of Association :—"Nor by reason of his lending money to the Company on mortgage, or in any other manner whatsoever."
By order of the Board of Directors,
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Secretaries by Treasurers.
Bombay, August 6, 1877.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 1192 OF 1865.

DEWCOOVERBAI, widow and leg l representative of NARROTUMDASS NARRONDAS, deceased, and also the legal representative of MATHOORADASS NARROTUMDASS, deceased, and EXECUTRIX of his last Will and Testament, residing on the Kalbadevie Road, without the Fort.....Plaintiff.
vs.
CURSONDASS LUCKMIDASS, a minor under the age of sixteen years, by his uncle and guardian *ad litem* GOCULDASS PURSHOTUM, the heir and legal representative of the late LUCKMIDASS PURSHOTUMDASS, deceased, WITHULDASS PURSHOTUMDASS and GOCULDASS PURSHOTUMDASS, Hindoo Merchants, all residing on the Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort, JAMNADASS DEVIDASS and HURGOWAN CHUTTOO, Hindoo Merchants, residing in Hanooman Lane, without the Fort.....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the DECRETAL ORDER made in the above suit and bearing date the twenty-seventh day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-six, the following IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in Seven Lots before C. AGNEW TURNER, Esquire, Acting Assistant Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at the respective places and on the respective days and time hereinafter mentioned.

LOT NO. I.

All the right, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and of the Defendants in the above Suit, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement Two Hundred and Fifty-Three square yards and five-eighths of another square yard, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the East side of Kalbadevie Road, in the registration sub-district of Bhooleshwur, numbered 717 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and 82 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on or towards the East by the house of Vulloo Anundjee (being Lot No. II), on or towards the west by the Kalbadevie Road aforesaid, on or towards the North by the Dwarkanath Temple, and on or towards the South by the house of Pannalall Poonumchund, jeweller, all which said premises are now and have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia Sadasew, the Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Mooro Crishna, Bhoja Tya, Tapidass Shunkerlall and others as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premis s at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Twenty-seventh day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

LOT NO. II.

All the right, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants in the above suit, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement Two Hundred and Fifty-Five square yards and four-ninths of another square yard, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the West side of Withulwady Cross Lane in the registration sub-district of Bhoolshwur, and numbered 712 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and 3 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on or towards the East by the Withulwady Cross Lane, on or towards the West by the house of Vulloo Anundjee (being Lot No. I.), on or towards the North by the Dwarkanath Temple, and on or towards the South by the house of Veerjee Bhimjee, all which said premises are now and have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia Sadasew, the Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Soonderjee Dharsey, Madhowjee Ramjee and others as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premises at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of SATURDAY, the first day of September, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

LOT NO. III.

All the right, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants in the above suit, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement One Hundred and Ninety-seven square yards and eight-ninths of another square yard, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bhandy Bazaar in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the West side of Jambhee Moholls, or Bapoo Khote Street, aforesaid, on or towards the East by the house of Jambhee Moholls aforesaid, on or towards the North by the house of Vulloo Anundjee (being Lot No. II), and on or towards the South by the house of Framjee Rustomjee Mody, all which said premises have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia Sadasew, the Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Muddon Sahib Bandgihoosain and others as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premises at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of TUESDAY, the Twenty-sixth day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

LOT NO. IV.

All the right, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants in the above suit, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement Two Hundred and Nineteen square yards and eight-ninths of another square yard, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bhandy Bazaar in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the West side of Parell Road, in the registration sub-district of Bhooleshwur, numbered 261 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and 66 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on or towards the East by the Parell Road aforesaid, on or toward the West by a passage, on or towards the South by the house of Vulloo Anundjee (being Lot No. III), and on or towards the North by the house of Thacker Lalljee Curson, all which said premises are now and have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia S dasew, the Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Curson Roopjee and others as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premi es at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-ninth day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

LOT NO. V.

All the right, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants in the above suit, or any of them in all that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement One Hundred square yards and seventy-ninths of another square yard, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the West side of Jambhee Moholls, or Bapoo Khote Street, in the registration sub-district of Bhooleshwur, numbered 216 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and 43 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on or towards the East by the Jambhee Moholls or Bapoo Khote Street, aforesaid, on or towards the West by a sweeper's passage lying between the said premises and the house of Jeewandass Hurridass and of Hurkissendass Devidass, on or towards the South by the house of Balloo Govindjee, and on or towards the South by the house of Hurrichund Krushnajee, all which said premises are now and have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia Sadasew, the Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Govind Hemraz and others as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premises at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of THURSDAY, the thirtieth day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

LOT NO. VI.

All the right, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants in the above suit, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement One Hundred and Thirty-six square yards, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the East side of Jugjeewan Keeka Street, in the registration sub-district of Bhooleshwur, numbered 1107 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and 29 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage lying betw en the said premises and the house of Devidass Lulloobhoy, on or towards the West by the Jugjeewan Keeka Street, on or towards the North by the house of Jeewan Lalljee Maharaj, and on or towards the South by the house of Devidass Cursonjee, all which said premises are now and have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia Sadasew, Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Vussonjee Manorjee and others as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premises at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of SATURDAY, the first day of September, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

LOT NO. VII.

All the righ, title, estate and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants in the above suit, or any of them, in allthat piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement Twenty-eight square yards and one-ninth of another square yard, be the same little, more, or less, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Bombay, outside the Fort, on the West side of Sheik Memon Street, in the registration sub-district of Bhooleshwur, numbered 1688 in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and 5 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on or towards the East by Shaik Memon Street, aforesaid, on or towards the West by the house of Peeroo Mahomed, on or towards the North by the shop of Jetha Tricumdas, and on or towards the South by the shop of Munjee Khatao, all which said premises are now and have been for a long time past in the hands of Tatia Sadasew, the Receiver in the above suit, and in the occupation of Ismail Adut as tenants. This Lot will be sold at the premises at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the third day of September, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-seven.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made at the Office of the said Commissioner and at the Office of Messrs. SHAPURJEE and THAKURDAS, Attornies for the Plaintiff, or to Messrs. CRAWFORD and BOVERY, Attornies for the Defendants.—Dated this 25th day of July 1877.
C. AGNEW TURNER,
Acting Assistant Commissioner.

NOTICE.
REDUCTION IN PRICE.
APOLLINARIS WATER.

Arrangements have now been made by which this celebrated Water can be had at the following reduced prices :—

CASH.	Containing 8 dozen Pints		Rs. 16 0
"	" 6 "	Quarts	" 18 0
"	" 24 "	"	" 12 0

APOLLINARIS
A NATURAL MINERAL
PURE, NATURAL, EFFERVESCING WATER
FROM THE APOLLINARIS BRUNNEN. WATER.

APOLLINARIS WATER.—THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS.—"A great boon to all, but especially suited by its absolute purity and mild alkalinity to ward off the most fatal diseases of TROPICAL CLIMATES."—*British Medical Journal.*

"Possesses organic purity in the highest degree, wholly charged with its own Natural Gas. The production of the spring is equivalent to 40,000,000 of quart bottles per annum."—J. A. WANKLYN, V. Pres of the Society of Public Analysts, &c., &c.

APOLLINARIS WATER.—"FAR SUPERIOR TO ORDINARY MANUFACTURED AERATED WATERS."—*Medical Times.*

APOLLINARIS WATER.—"The favoured drink of the favoured classes. The fashion in the Clubs, and universally recommended as a pure, refreshing drinking water by the Medical Profession. Especially suited moreover for Tropical Climates."—*London Medical Record.*

Consumers can now be supplied with Apollinaris Water in Soda Water Bottles which can readily be sold when empty. They are cautioned to see that Bottles have SMITH, BILBROUGH & Co.'s name on the Label, otherwise they may purchase water not properly bottled for export.

"APOLLINARIS WATER has rapidly attained a great and well-deserved popularity in England. Particularly valuable to Indians having or fearing a touch of liver or disordered digestion."—*Practitioner.*

APOLLINARIS WATER.—Inspector General Macpherson M.D., late H. M. Indian Army, author of "Baths and Wells," &c., writes : "The advantage of Apollinaris Water is THE CERTAINTY OF ITS PURITY. In India it is difficult even with every care to obtain water for the manufacture of Soda Water that is free from impurities. THE APOLLINARIS WATER OUGHT TO BE A GREAT BOON TO INDIA."

Professor Macnamara, late Prof. University of Calcutta, &c., writes : "Soda Water in India is frequently polluted with drainage and organic impurities, which are the direct cause of cholera, typhus and dysentery. Apollinaris is absolutely pure. I STRONGLY ADVISE INDIAN RESIDENTS TO DRINK IT. IT IS FAR MORE REFRESHING AND WHOLESOME THAN SODA WATER."

OF ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS AND DEALERS.
Descriptive Pamphlets, with analyses, Prices, &c., on application to Agents :—
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

RINGS.

Oh! how many torments lie in the small circle of a wedding-ring!"—CIBBER.

WEDDING RINGS, of pure unalloyed country gold, solid and durable, each .....Rs.	9 & 10
NOTE.—A MORE MASSIVE RING, which uses up considerably more gold, has lately came into vogue. Price according to thickness, from ..... "	14 to 25
THE GIMMAL WEDDING RING we often make to order. It is composed of twin or double hoops, which, though each is twisted, fit so exactly one into the other that when united they form but one circlet, each ..... "	16 to 25
DIAMOND HALF-HOOP RINGS, set with 5 choice Brilliants; also set with 5 Emeralds, Rubies, Opals, Turquoises or Pearls. Prices vary entirely in accordance with the beauty, size, and value of the Gems, each from..... "	100 to 1,000
GEM RINGS, fancy enamelled, or plainly mounted, set with stones of different kinds, from..... "	20 to 200
SIGNET RINGS, entirely of gold or set with Blood stone, Sardonyx, &c., from ..... "	18 to 75
LADIES' SIGNET RINGS, small and pretty, all gold, or enamelled, or set with stones, from ..... "	20 to 40
MOURNING RINGS, black enamelled, and generally with glass box for hair, from ... "	25 to 50
MOURNING RINGS, set with Diamonds, or Pearls, or both, from ..... "	35 to 200
RINGS FOR HAIR. There are two kinds, one with a recess covered by glass, the other a band Ring, with the hair plaited round, from ..... "	12 to 35
MASONIC RINGS, engraved with devices. These are generally Signet Rings, upon the stones of which the emblems are cut; or enamelled in colours upon all gold, from..... "	30 to 80
PUZZLE, SECRET BOX, and other fancy Rings, from ..... "	20 to 40
GOLD KEEPERS OR GUARD RINGS, in a variety of patterns, from ..... "	12 to 30
POESIE RINGS, with enamelled Mottos, a host of quaint conceits, each ..... "	25

"About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring
That she did give me; whose posey was
For all the world like cutler's poetry
Upon a knife, 'Love me, and leave me not.'"—
Shakespere.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,
JEWELLERS
TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!
TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, HOSPITALS, HOTELS, &c.
CARRE'S IMPROVED ICE MACHINE
WITH THE NEW CONGELATOR FOR PRODUCING BLOCK ICE
TO BE HAD ONLY FROM
S. Rose & Co., Bombay.

The only Machine suitable for Domestic use ; Cheap, Cleanly, and Easy to work ; always ready for use and never gets out of order
Full particulars of the *New Congelator* can be had on application to S. Rose & Co.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

S. ROSE & Co.'s apparatus for cooling Wines or Beer with the aid of the Pneumatic Ice Machine and without contact of Ice with the wine, is an entirely new adaptation. Rs. 25 each and Rs. 15.
The introduction of Messrs. S. Rose & Co.'s apparatus is acknowledged to have supplied a perfect method for cooling Wines or Beer without any risk of injuring the flavor.
Personal inspection of the new apparatus and its accessories is requested, and full practical instructions for using the Machine will be given to the Agents or to the servants of purchasers.
The mode of producing Ice is by means of a Pneumatic Machine, the air in the Decanter or Vase is exhausted by the action of the air-pump, and the moisture, arising from rapid evaporation, absorbed by the Sulphuric Acid contained in the Cylinder B, and intense cold in the Decanter or Vase is the result reducing the water to Ice.
An Illustrated Pamphlet, containing full directions for use, accompanies each Machine.
Apparatus for operating on one DECANTER or VASE with NEW CONGELATOR. ACCESSORIES complete.
Do. Do. on Two DECANTERS or VASES with NEW CONGELATOR, ACCESSORIES complete.
Do. Do. on Four DECANTERS or VASES with NEW CONGELATOR, ACCESSORIES complete.
Messes, Clubs, Traders, &c., supplied at wholesale Rates.
Sulphuric Acid, Oils, Wax, Leather Washers and all the necessary fittings, kept in stock.
For use in Up-country Stations, Messes, Hotels, Hospitals and on Board-ship, these Machines will be found invaluable ; and their portability renders them most serviceable for Camp use. Within fifteen minutes the Machine can be fitted together charged with acid, and the water at 75 deg. Fahrenheit can be reduced to freezing point.
The above Machines can be seen in working order on the premises of S. ROSE & Co., Bombay.

CARRE'S IMPROVED (NEW MODEL) AMMONIACAL ICE MACHINES
2 lbs. and 4 lbs. each, complete with furnace, thermometer, &c., instructions for working and making Ices, &c.
FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION TO S. ROSE & Co., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
Railway Ice Box.....Rs. 20 to Rs. 25 | Ice Pitchers.....Rs. 50 to Rs. 100
Ice Pail, Ice Tongs, and Ice Hammers.

PERPETUAL FOUNTAIN.
TABLE EPERGNE OR CENTRE-PIECE FOR PERFUMED WATER.
In rich Electro-silvered Ware, Rs. 200.
FILTERS.—Spencer's Improved Magnetic Carbide Filter, Price Rs. 15, 24 and 30.

☞ NOTE NEW ADDRESS.
S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY.

SPARKLING SAUMUR.

THE Undersigned have received by Steamer "CHEOPS" a supply of SPARKLING SAUMUR ; price per dozen, Rs. 25 ; or for CASH, Rs 24-4 per dozen.
The introduction of these CHAMPAGNES from the Vineyards of SAUMUR has, owing to the favorable opinion of the Medical Profession, as to their excellent quality, led to an almost unprecedented demand.

SCHNAPPS.
SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC CORDIAL.

The enormous sale of Henke's Aromatic Schnapps in the Colonies, and the excellence of the Spirit as a medicinal agent, has induced us to secure the Right for its exclusive Sale in India. The extraordinary medicinal and invigorating properties of this pure Tonic, have led to its extensive consumption throughout the civilized world.

CASH	CREDIT.
Rs. A.	Rs A.
15-12	16-0

GRAVES.

A small parcel of this is also just to hand ex "CHEOPS."
Rs. 15, or for Cash, Rs. 14-8 per dozen.
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.
2, Dean Lane, Bombay.

FOOTBALL, POLO JERSEYS &c.
BADHAM AND COMPANY

HAVE just Landed their Special Shipment for the coming season. They are of the best manufacture, fast colours, and may be relied upon for strength and wear :—

FINE WHITE LAMB'S WOOL, all Sizes.....	Rs. 6-8 each.
" SCARLET " "	
" LIGHT BLUE " "	
" BLUE and WHITE MERINO STRIPED.....	
" SCARLET " " "	
SILK for KUMMERBANDS to match all the above colours	" 2-0 yard.
WHITE CASHMERE MUFFLERS	" 3-8 each.
WHITE HONEY COMB LONG SCARVES.....	" 2-8 "
KNICKERBOCKER HOSE, RIBBED COTTON, MERINO and REAL HAND KNIT	" 4-8 to 6-8 Pair.

CRICKETING, BOATING SUITS, &c.

BEST SAXONY TWILLED FLANNEL, thoroughly shrunk, Double-Breasted Coat and Trousers	Rs. 35-0

Suits Trimmed to Match Club Colours.

WHITE SAXONY FLANNEL SHIRTS, Collars attached, thoroughly shrunk	Rs 8-8

LESS TEN PER CENT. PROMPT CASH.

BADHAM AND COMPANY,
SHIRTMAKERS, CIVIL & MILITARY TAILORS & OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY, AND POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN BORDEAUX AND LONDON IN 1815 AND IN INDIA IN 1842.

BOMBAY PRICE LIST.—(INCLUDING DUTY AND TOWN DUES.)

The amount of Duty and Dues on Wines, Spirits, Cordials, &c., at per case of one doz. qts. or two doz. pints is as follows :—
On Clarets and Burgundies, Rs. 2 ; German Still Wines, Sherries, and Ports, Rs. 3 ; Sparkling Wines, Rs. 5 ; Spirits and Cordials, Rs. 8. Town Dues, As 8 per case.

These Cash Charges we cover in our Prices by general request, but include no Profit on the Advance, nor can we take Discount off them.

BOMBAY HOUSE :—DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.
LONDON OFFICES :—5, ADELPHI TERRACE, W.C., AND 44, MARK LANE, CITY, E.C.
CALCUTTA HOUSE :—10, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA. | BORDEAUX HOUSE :—PLACE DU CHAMP DE MARS.

PATRONS.
H. M. THE QUEEN, EMPRESS OF INDIA.
THE ADMIRALTY,
OWNERS OF INDIA, CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN S.S. LINES,
THE P. & O. Co., AND THE B. I. S. N. Co. FOR SOME OF THEIR SHIPS.
Seventy Regimental Messes, and the undermentioned Club Houses, &c. &c.

THE BOMBAY.	THE ATHENÆUM.	THE CAWNPORE.	THE TIRHOOT PLANTERS.
THE REFORM.	THE HIMALAYA.	THE SIRHIND.	THE WESTERN INDIA
THE WINDHAM.	THE NYNEE TAL.	THE TUTICORIN.	

MEMO OF TERMS.

An Order for Five Cases, accompanied by Cash, carries 10 per Cent. Discount off BOND VALUE
3 months' Credit, without Discount to approved Buyers.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.
Single dozen Orders subject to 5 per Cent. for Cash off Bond Value

N. B.—Forwarding Charges we add. We guarantee each case to contain its full complement of bottles when dispatched, and agree to take back or exchange any Wine, Spirits, &c., &c., that may not be approved of on arrival but not afterwards.
To prevent delay, Constituents when ordering are requested, in the event of any particular Brand not being in stock, to state whether the nearest quality may be substituted.
☞ *N.B.—Mofussil constituents are requested, before taking delivery of their Goods, to see that the weight agrees with the Railway receipt.*

RETAIL AGENTS FOR SINGLE BOTTLES.
Mr. JAMES PEARSE, 22, Apollo Street, Fort.
Mr. EDULJEE PALLONJEE, Bora Bazaar Street, Mr. JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE, Poydoni and Mr. DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGUR, near Crawford Markets.

BORDEAUX—Red.

CASH. Per 1 doz Qts and 2 doz Pints. Duties Paid. Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	IN BOTTLE.		CREDIT. Per 1 doz Qts and 2 doz Pints. Duties Paid. Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
31 0	33 0	CHATEAU LAFITE or MOUTON	After Dinner	33 8	34 8
26 4	28 4	" RAUZAN	Wines	27 8	29 8
23 8	25 8	" PALMER		24 8	26 8
20 8	22 8	" LAROSE.....	After Dinner	21 8	23 8
17 13	19 12	St. JULIEN.....	Wines	18 8	20 8
15 12	17 12	CANTENAC.....		16 8	18 8
14 0	15 12	ST. ESTEPHE, a favourite		14 8	16 8
11 8	13 8	PETIT MEDOC, Excellent for Breakfast		12 0	14 0
11 0	...	PAUILLAC do. do. Cup.....		11 8	...

CASH. 46 Gals. 6dhs.

IN WOOD.

Per 46 Gals. 6dhs duty paid. R. A.	
276 4	St. JULIEN.....
242 0	CANTENAC.....
195 0	St. ESTEPHE.....
140 0	MEDOC.....

Of these we keep no stock, but import for order.

Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	WHITE.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
22 8	24 8	HAUT SAUTERNES, delicate flavor, Red	23 8	25 8
17 12	19 12	SAUTERNE (Barsac) light, white cap.....	18 8	20 8
14 8	...	GRAVES	15 0	...

Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	BURGUNDY—Red.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
30 8	32 8	CHAMBERTIN, the *elite* of Burgundies.....	32 0	34 0
25 8	26 12	NUITS or CORTON, high class Wine	26 0	28 0
21 8	23 0	VOLNAY, strongly recommended	23 0	24 0
17 12	...	BEAUNE, soft delicate flavor	18 8	...
37 4	...	SPARKLING Red Burgundy	39 0	...

Qts. Rs A.	Pts. Rs. A.	WHITE.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
25 0	26 12	CHABLIS, La Montonne, Superior	26 0	28 0
16 12	18 12	CHABLIS, light, pleasant Wine.....	17 8	19 8
18 4	...	VERMOUTH	19 0	...

SHERRY.
We call special attention to these—

Per doz Qts. Rs. A.		Per doz Qts. Rs. A.
36 12	AMONTILLADO A 1. rare old ..... gold seal	38 0
35 0	AMONTILLADO, choice and superior ..... black seal	36 0
26 4	MONTILLA, extra pale and very dry ..... black seal	27 8
27 4	AMOROSO, full flavoured soft pale..... black seal	28 8
24 8	VINO PURO, very pale, dry ..... blue seal	25 0
23 8	OLOROSO, nutty and dry ..... green seal	24
21 8	MANZANILLA ..... red seal	22 0
20 12	PALE, dry medium ..... yellow seal	21 8
19 12	VINO DE PASTE, remarkably pale and very dry ..... pink seal	20 8
16 12	A GOOD DINNER WINE. ..... white seal	17 8
16 12	MABSALA VIRGIN, pale, fine flavour ..... yellow seal	17 8
35 12	MADEIRA, E. I., very superior ..... black seal	37 8
31 0	MADEIRA, Excellent Wine ..... red seal	32 8

SHERRY IN WOOD AND JARS.

4 Gals. per Jar. Qts. Rs. A.	13½ Gals. Quarter Cask. Rs. A.	27 Gals. Octaves. Rs. A.	54 Gals. Hhds. Rs. A.		4 Gals. per Jar. Qts. Rs. A.	13½ Gals. Octaves. Rs. A.	27 Gals. Quarter Casks. Rs. A.	54 Gals. Hhds. Rs. A.
42 4	129 0	238 12	468 8	Vino Puro.....	44 0	134 0	260 0	510 0
38 4	112 4	216 8	423 8	Manzanilla	40 0	122 0	234 0	460 0
35 8	103 4	200 4	387 12	Yellow Seal	37 0	112 0	217 0	420 0
34 8	94 4	180 4	351 12	Vino de Pasto	36 0	102 0	195 0	380 0
32 12	79 12	151 8	297 12	White Seal	34 0	86 0	163 0	320 0

The Quarter-Casks, Octaves and Jars are very convenient for Families, and will be found most economical
Wood Taps or Plated Taps for Jars Rs. 1-8 or Rs. 4, extra.

Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	CHAMPAGNE.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
48 0	50 12	WAGHTER'S PRINCE OF WALES' PLUME, "Extra Dry," so labelled	50 0	53 0
47 0	50 0	FINEST DRY, a Grand Wine	49 0	52 0
29 12	...	WAGHTER'S PRINCE OF WALES PLUME, per hamper of 24 half-pints.....	31 0	...
43 0	45 0	FINE DRY SPARKLING.....	42 0	45 0
30 8	...	CARTE BLANCHE (Stbadev'e) high particularly dry	32 0	...
24 0	...	FINEST SPARKLING SAUMUR	25 0	...

Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	SPARKLING GERMAN WINE.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
43 0	44 8	HOCK, NONPAREIL, extra quality, medium dry	44 0	46 8
32 12	35 0	HOCK, MUSCATEL, very choice	34 0	36 8
28 12	...	" EXCELLENT WINE	30 0	...
42 0	44 8	MOSELLE NONPAREIL (extra quality)	44 0	46 8
32 12	35 0	MOSELLE MUSCATEL (very choice)	34 0	36 8
28 12	...	MOSELLE, excellent Wine.....	30 0	...

Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	STILL GERMAN WINE.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
46 4	48 4	HOCK JOHANNISBERGER, superior	48 8	50 8
38 12	...	" MARCOBRUNNER	40 8	...
32 8	...	" LIEBFRAUMILCH	34 0	...
29 12	30 8	HOCK RUDESSHEIMER, MELLOW	30 0	32 0
24 0	26 0	" HOCHHEIMER, fine flavored.....	25 0	27 0
18 12	21 8	" LAUBENHEIMER, light refreshing.....	19 8	22 8
25 8	27 4	RED HOCK ASSMANHAUSER	26 8	28 8
29 12	...	STEIN-WEIN in BOCKSBEUTEL, most pleasing Wine.....	30 8	...
29 12	31 8	MOSELLE, BRAUNBERGER, delicate superior flavor	31 0	33 0

Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.	PORT.	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
35 0	...	OLD CRUSTED, very choice (some years in bottle)	36 8	...
25 4	27 4	INVALD'S full-bodied gold Capsule	26 8	28 8
21 8	23 8	DESSERT WINE, superior Black seal soft and mature	22 8	24 8
18 12	20 12	A GOOD SOUND FULL WINE, red seal	19 8	21 8
22 8	...	SACRAMENTAL WINE	23 8	...

CUTLER, PALMER'S COGNAC AND OTHER SPIRITS.

Per dozen. Rs. A.		Our duty paid Prices are :—		Per Dozen Rs. A.
24 12	Blue Capsule, a capital peg brandy	*		25 8
13 4	In Flasks			13 12
8 0	Half flasks			8 4
26 8	White Capsule, delicate flavor.....	**		27 8
14 4	Do. In Flasks " "			14 12
30 0	Yellow Capsule, fine old, soft pale.....	***		31 0
16 0	Do. In Flasks			16 0
32 12	Black Capsule, superior old pale, the finest imported	****		34 0
17 4	Do. In Flasks			18 8
43 4	BLACK CAP, extra superior rare old.....			44 0
21 4	RUM, the finest old Jamaica			22 0
19 8	Do. fine "Pineapple"			20 0
21 4	GIN, London Old Tom, first quality			22 0
21 4	FIELD'S GIN.....			22 0
24 12	WHISKY SCOTCH, Fine old extra quality.....			25 8
22 4	WHISKY, Irish and Scotch, fine, old pure.....			23 0
17 8	GENEVA, in flasks, the best			18 0